

Appendix 4

Tree Survey Data

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Clonliffe Road, Dublin 3 and
Drumcondra Road Lower, Drumcondra
Dublin 9
May 2021

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Introduction

4.1 This report was commissioned by-

Hines Ireland

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Appendix Brief

4.2 An Arboricultural report has been requested in respect of the proposed development. As "BS5837: 2012 Trees in Relation to Design, Demolition and Construction – Recommendations" is the accepted frameworks for such reports, then its composition, inclusions and recommendations have been followed as a general basis for such reporting.

Appendix 4 - Tree Survey

Nature of Survey

- A4.1 The criteria put forward in "BS5837:2012 Trees in Relation to Design, Demolition and Construction Recommendations" have provided a basis for this report.
- A4.2 The data collected has been represented in table form as "Table 1" within "Appendix 1" to this report. This appendix includes a Survey Methodology, Survey Key, Survey Abbreviations, Condition Category Definitions and a brief resume of the typical application of Tree Protection measures as defined within the above standard and as relates to the "RPA" zones defined both within the survey table and on the "TCP" drawing.
- A4.3 The survey, its findings and management recommendations relate to the site and the conditions thereon at the time of the survey. It relates to a "do nothing" or "as is" scenario and intends to provide an impartial representation of the site's tree population, regardless of any possible development works. It is likely that changes in site usage, development or other environmental changes will require an amendment of any tree's potential retention status and its preliminary management recommendations, and in some instances, may require the re-classification of a tree's suitability for retention.

Drawing References

- A4.4 The survey must be read with the "Tree Constraints Plan" drawing "Clonliffe Tree Constraints Plan" regarding the representation of tree positions, crown forms, "RPA" extents and colour reference to category systems. Trees omitted from the supplied drawing may be "sketched in" to "Clonliffe Tree Constraints Plan". Any such trees should be located and plotted by professional means to identify the constraints such trees have upon the site.
- A4.5 A green coloured outline represents each tree crown. It is scaled to represent the north, east, south, and west crown radii as denoted in the survey table. Each tree (categories A-green, B-blue, and C-grey only) have been apportioned a "Root Protection Area" (RPA see below) denoted as a dashed orange circle.
- A4.6 The development of a Tree Constraints Plan (TCP) provides a design tool regarding tree retention. Such a plan combines the topographical land survey drawing with additional information as provided by the tree survey. The aspects of the tree's existence recorded on the "TCP" are, firstly, the tree canopies, represented by the four cardinal compass point radii (Sp: R in survey Table 1). Secondly, and following paragraphs

- 4.6.1, 4.6.2 and 4.6.3 of BS5837: 2012, we represent each tree's "Root Protection Area" (RPA). For design purposes, it approximates the position of the tree protection fencing to be erected before the commencement of any site works, thus excluding all site activities other than those dealt with by way of the "Arboricultural Implication Assessment" and "Arboricultural Method Statement".
- A4.7 The "Tree Constraints Plan" (TCP) depicts the extent and location of constraints, placed upon the site by the trees. The "TCP" represents both the true canopy form (north, east, south, and west radii) but also the "RPA" as defined above. These constraints are provided to advise regarding the design and layout of a proposed development.

Survey Intent and Context

A4.8 This document intends to highlight the extent and nature of the material of Arboricultural interest on the site in question.

Survey Data Collection and Methodology

The Survey

- A4.9 The original survey was carried out in January and February of 2020, and updated in November and December 2020, January and April of 2021. This survey portion of the overall report is <u>not</u> an Implication Assessment though but provided some of the basic information regarding its compilation. The compilation of this survey was guided by the recommendations of BS 5837: 2012. This survey typically includes trees of stem diameters exceeding 150mm at approximately 1.50 metres from ground level. The survey relates to current site conditions, setting and context.
- A4.10 Each tree in the survey has a consecutive number that relates directly to the survey text. Measurements are metric and defined in metres and millimetres. All trees referred to in the survey text have been measured to provide information regarding canopy height and canopy spread (north, east, south, and west radii), level of canopy base and stem diameter at 1.50 meters from ground level. The dimensions provided are intended to provide a reasonable representation of a tree's size and form. While efforts are made to maintain accuracy, visual obstruction, especially regarding trees in groups, requires that some tree dimensions be estimated only.

Inspection and Evaluation Limitations and Disclaimers

A4.11 The information set out in this report relates to the review of a tree population on the site in question. As such, the information provided is based on a general review of trees and does not constitute a detailed review of any one of the individual specimens. Such an evaluation (tree report) would require the gathering of substantially more information than that dealt with in this survey.

- A4.12 The survey is not a safety assessment and the parameters reviewed within this survey context would be substantially deficient in extent to provide for a reliable safety assessment. The survey is intended to provide a general and qualitative review to assist in gauging the suitability of an individual tree for retention within a development context. All trees are subject to impromptu failure and damage. The assessment of risk as may be presented by a tree requires the review of numerous factors more than those noted herein and as such, remains outside the scope of this document and any attempt to use the information herein for such proposes will render the information invalid.
- A4.13 A competent and experienced Arborist has completed all inspection and tree assessment. The inspection involves visual assessment only, which has been carried out from ground level. No below ground, internal, invasive, or aerial (climbing) inspection has been carried out.
- A4.14 Trees are living organisms whose health, condition and safety can change rapidly. All trees should be re-evaluated regarding their condition on an annual basis or after substantial trauma such a storm event, other damage, or injury. The results and recommendations of this survey will require review and reassessment after one year from the date of execution. This survey does not constitute a review of tree or site safety. Attempts to use the contents herein for such purposes will render the contents invalid.
- A4.15 Throughout the undertaking of the survey, several factors acted against the inspectors, contriving to reduce the accuracy of the survey.

Seasonality

A4.16 The original survey was carried out during various periods. Some of the signs, typically symptomatic of ill-health or defect within a tree, may not have been available to view at the time of the survey or may have been obscured by seasonality related factors. Some of the fruiting bodies of various fungi, parasitic upon or causing decay or disease in trees, may have been out of season and unavailable to view. This survey can only comment upon symptoms of ill-health or defects visible at the time of the inspection.

Survey Key

Species Refers to the specific tree species

Age Referred to in generalized categories including: -

Y - Young A young and typically small tree specimen.

S/M - Semi-Mature A young tree, having attained dimensions that allow it to be

regarded independently of its neighbours but typically, would be

less than 50% of its ultimate size.

E/M - Early-Mature A specimen, typically 50% - 100% of ultimate dimensions but

with substantial capacity for mass and dimensional increase

remaining.

M - Mature A specimen of dimensions typical of a full-grown specimen of its

species. Future growth would tend to be extremely slow with little

if any dimensional increase.

O/M - Over-Mature An old specimen of a species having already attained or exceeded

its naturally expected longevity.

V - Veteran An extremely old, veteran specimen of a species, usually of low

vigour and typically subject to rapid decline and deterioration or

of very limited future longevity.

Tree Dimensions All dimensions are in meters. See notes regarding limitation of

accuracy.

Ht. Tree Height

CH Lowest canopy height

N, E, S, W Tree Canopy Spread measured by radii at north, east, south, and

west

Dia. Stem diameter at approx. 1.50m from ground level.

RPA Root Protection Area, as a radius measured from the tree's stem

centre.

Con Physical Condition

G Good A specimen of generally good form and health

G/F Good/Fair

F Fair A specimen with defects or ill health that can be either rectified

or managed typically allowing for retention

F/P Fair/Poor

P Poor A specimen whom through defect, disease attack or reduced

vigour has limited longevity or maybe un-safe

D Dead A dead tree

Structural Condition Information on structural form, defects, damage, injury, or

disease supported by the tree

PMR – Preliminary

Management Recommendations Recommendation for Arboricultural actions or works

considered necessary at

the time of the inspection and relating to the existing site context

and tree condition. Works considered as urgent will be noted.

Retention Period

 $\begin{array}{lll} S-Short & Typically, 0 -10 \ years \\ M-Medium & Typically, 10 -20 \ years \\ L-Long & Typically, 20 -40 \ years \\ L+ & Typically, more than 40 \ years \end{array}$

Category System	The Category System is intended to quantify a tree regarding its Arboricultural value as well as a combination of its structural and physical health.
Category A	A typically a good quality specimen, which is considered to make a substantial Arboricultural contribution
Category B	Typically including trees regarded as being of moderate quality
Category C	Typically including generally poor-quality trees that may be of only limited value.
	The above categories are further subdivided regarding the nature of their values or qualities.
Sub-Category 1	Values such as species interest, species context, landscape design or prominent aspect.
Sub-Category 2	Mainly cumulative landscape values such as woods, groups, avenues, lines.
Sub-Category 3	Mainly cultural values such as conservation, commemorative or historical links.

Table 1 – Tree Data Table

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
101	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S	Р	7.00	2.25	1.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	1	137	1.64	Young sapling arising beside boundary wall with stem in contact with wall capping. Unsuitable for retention.	Remove.	N/A	U
102	Sycamore Group (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F/P	8.00	2.50	1.00	3.00	3.00	2.50	1	204	2.44	Three adjoining stems arise from positions directly adjoining boundary wall with one stem in contact with wall. Future growth will result in wall damage. Trees are not sustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
103	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	2.50	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.50	1	844	10.12	A large and apparently vigorous specimen. Supports some deadwood with extensive sucker growth throughout crown. Lower stem supports developing ivy cover and epicormic growth.	Cut ivy and consider cutting back epicormic growth.	L	B1-2
104	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	17.00	4.00	5.50	4.00	4.00	3.50	1	700	8.40	Broadly vigorous. Has been substantially cut, particularly on western side over time. Lower stem supports developing ivy cover.	Cut ivy and review.	L	B2
105	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	12.00	6.00	5.50	7.00	4.00	5.00	1	920	11.04	A large and open crowned specimen of apparently good vigour. Crown supports some sizeable deadwood and extensive ivy development on lower stem.	Cut ivy and clean- out.	L	B2
107	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F/P	6.00	2.50	1.00	4.50	3.50	4.00	<u> </u>	535	6.42	Distorted and harshly cut in past. Supports extensive deadwood and lower stem wounding that appears to be subject to decay. Is of dubious sustainability.	Consider early removal.	S	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
108	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	17.00	5.00	5.00	7.00	4.00	3.00	1	688	8.25	Once larger tree has been substantially cut particularly on western side. Is affected by compression fork at circa 3.50 m with apparent bark inclusion that may predispose it to elevated rates of failure. Has been previously cut on western crown with eastern crown being subject to localised decay and cavity development. Raises some concern in respect of site safety and sustainability.	Consider crown reduction works for monitored retention.	M	C2
109	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	19.00	2.50	4.50	8.00	7.00	3.50	1	942	11.31	Once larger tree has been substantially cut, particularly on western and north-western side regarding proximity to adjoining property. Tree remains vigorous but unbalanced. Crown supports some deadwood. Middle crown exhibit evidence of prior intervention and cutting with some decay and cavity development evident at pruning points. Tree raises contextual and sustainability issues.	Consider crown reduction type works in conjunction with monitoring.	L	C2
112	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	22.00	3.00	5.50	6.00	4.00	5.50	1	910	10.92	Large specimen of apparently good vigour and vitality. Principal stem supports developing ivy cover.	Clean-out to remove deadwood and cut ivy. Consider crown reduction type works in respect of proximity to adjoining dwelling.	L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
113	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	15.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	3.50	3.00	1	471	5.65	A relatively young tree has been cut on western side regarding encroachment on adjoining building. Remains vigorous and has immense potential for continued growth over time.	Review regularly regarding management requirements.	L	B2
114	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	F	19.00	2.25	6.00	5.50	6.50	6.00	1	993	11.92	Is mature but still vigorous tree. Upper crown configuration suggests early life decapitation with typical multiple pole-wood redevelopment. Visible evidence notes stump decay that may be indicative of cavity development.	Tree may require periodic management including crown reduction type works. Review regularly.	L	B1-2
115	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	E/M	G/F	14.00	2.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	П	678	8.14	Relatively young specimen showing mid/upper crown distortion indicative of early life decapitation/crown reduction works. Upper southern crown has suffered storm damage and retains at least one split branch. Sustainability may be impaired tree might be retained with ongoing management.	works.	M	B2
116	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	18.00	2.00	5.00	4.50	1.00	4.00	1	560	6.72	Tall and slender with minor imbalance to north. Heavily divided from 1.25 m. Has been previously decapitated on multiple occasions with higher crown comprising polewood regeneration. May be subject to storm damage.	Clean-out and review on regular basis.	M	B2
117	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	18.00	2.00	4.50	5.50	4.50	5.00	1	777	9.32	Relatively young and still vigorous. Has been previously decapitated with higher crown comprising pole-wood regeneration that may be subject to damage.	Clean-out review regularly.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
118	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	16.00	2.25	2.50	2.50	1.50	4.50	1	487	5.84	Tall slender and slightly suppressed. As been previously decapitated with higher crown comprising pole-wood regeneration.	Clean-out and review regularly.	M	B2
119	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	19.00	2.50	4.00	4.50	3.50	4.50	1	745	8.94	Previously decapitated with higher crown comprising pole-wood regeneration. Remains vigorous. Appears to have suffered prior storm damage.	Consider crown reduction type works.	M	B2
120	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	17.00	2.00	3.50	3.50	4.50	5.00	1	592	7.10	Slightly unbalanced. Harshly cut in past with mid crown now retaining some substantial decaying stumps. Consider crown reduction works to reduce height and spread imbalance to west.	Review regularly.	M	C2
121	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	18.00	2.25	2.00	2.50	4.50	4.50	1	493	5.92	Narrow with minor imbalance to south-west. As been previously decapitated. Crown supports some deadwood including broken material called within crown.	Clean-out review regularly.	M	B2
122	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	9.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.50	5.00	1	646	7.75	Crown vigour is variable with substantial deadwood and dieback apparent to north. Remaining crown appears reasonable but supports notable deadwood throughout. Trees been previously decapitated with entire crown comprising pole-wood regeneration.	Clean-out consider crown reduction type works. Review on annual basis.	M	C2
123	Lime (Tilia europea)	S/M	F/P	10.00	2.50	1.00	1.50	1.50	3.00		306	3.67	A distorted whip supporting extensive imbalance to west.	Review regularly.	S	C2
124	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	18.00	2.50	4.50	4.00	3.00	5.00	1	707	8.48	Of good vigour but previously decapitated with higher crown comprising pole-wood regeneration.	Review regularly.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
125	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	17.00	2.50	3.00	4.00	3.50	4.00	1	624	7.49	Now exposed by recent loss of original neighbour to south. Remains vigorous, has suffered minor storm damage and early life decapitation with pole-wood regeneration about higher crown.	Review regularly.	M	B2
126	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	16.00	2.00	3.00	4.50	4.00	3.00	1	672	8.06	Slightly distorted and heavily pruned in past including early life decapitation. Supports some broken deadwood within crown.	Clean-out.	M	B2
127	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	17.00	2.50	3.50	5.00	3.00	3.00	1	535	6.42	Typically unbalanced to east. Previously decapitated with higher crown comprising pole-wood regeneration.	Clean-out review regularly.	L	B2
129	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	17.00	2.50	3.00	4.50	3.50	3.00	1	519	6.23	Slightly one-sided and unbalanced to east. Heavily divided from 1.75 m. Has been previously decapitated with higher crown comprising pole-wood regeneration.	Consider structural pruning and crown reduction works.	M	B2
130	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	18.00	2.50	3.50	5.50	4.00	3.50	1	809	9.70	A large specimen heavily divided from 1.00 m. Both stems are affected by notable cavity development that will be subject to ongoing deterioration. Higher crown comprises pole-wood regeneration after prior decapitation.	Clean-out and consider structural pruning including crown reduction type works.	M	C2
131	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	18.00	4.50	4.50	5.00	3.50	3.00	1	605	7.26	Higher crown comprises pole-wood regeneration with evidence of decay at pruning points.	Consider crown reduction type works.	M	B2
132	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	19.00	2.00	5.00	5.00	7.00	5.50	1	859	10.31	A large specimen partly misshapen through proximity to near neighbour. General vigour and vitality appear good.		L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
133	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	20.00	2.50	6.00	7.00	6.50	5.00	1	888	10.66	Large specimen of reasonable vigour and vitality. Tree exhibits evidence of prior wounding including limb loss and associated decay. Brittle nature including prior damage will likely result in ongoing damage over time.	Clean-out and review regularly.	L	B1-2
134	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	F	17.00	2.00	4.50	3.00	10.00	4.50	1	611	7.33	Distorted and misshapen with extensive imbalance to south. Vigour and vitality are below that expected retrieve this age suggesting possible pathological issues. Lower stem anomalies suggest some potential for decay.	Review on regular basis. Consider crown reduction works particularly reducing southern extent of crown.	M	C2
135	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S	F	6.00	2.00	0.50	0.50	1.50	2.00	<u> </u>	194	2.33	A young sapling arising from footing of wall. Ongoing growth will result in wall damage.	Remove.	N/A	U
136	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F/P	17.00	2.50	4.00	1.50	6.00	4.50	1	859	10.31	One-sided and of reduced vigour. Is affected by apparent canker damage at 5.00 m. Higher crown has suffered some storm damage.	Clean-out review regarding retention context. Review regularly regarding apparent decline.	S	C2
137	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	F	17.00	2.00	9.00	9.00	6.50	6.00	1	1241	14.90	Large specimen has been crudely decapitated in past with higher crown comprising sucker regeneration and what appears to be decaying stumps. Tree remains vigorous though predisposition towards storm damage will increase with time. Lower stem is subject to fire related bark damage, bark necrosis and surface decay on northern side of stem. Tree is of questionable sustainability with sustainability being context dependent.	Management in crown reduction type works may allow for limited retention dependent upon retention context.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
138	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	S/M	G/F	9.00	2.25	3.50	3.00	3.00	2.50	-	322	3.86	A young and still vigorous tree arises from a position directly adjoining wall footing where continued growth will result in structural damage to wall. Tree is unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
139	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	8.00	3.00	2.50	1.00	1.50	1.00	-	162	1.95	Young and vigorous but arising from wall footing. Tree is unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
140	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	7.00	2.00	2.50	1.00	1.50	1.50	_	169	2.02	Young and vigorous but arising from wall footing. Tree is unsustainable.		N/A	U
141	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	E/M	P	7.50	0.50	2.00	4.00	1.00	0.00	_	197	2.37	Typically regarded as a weed species.	Remove.	N/A	U
142	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	7.50	0.00	4.00	3.50	3.00	3.00	<u> </u>	407	4.89	Young and vigorous but arising from footing of boundary wall where continued growth will result in wall damage. Tree is considered unsustainable.		S	C2
143	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	1.50	3.00	4.00	3.00	1.50	1	1146	13.75	A large specimen heavily forked from low level and supporting minor imbalance to east. Tree appears vigorous with stem already in contact with boundary wall with wall structure enveloped at circa 1.75 m. Tree appears to have caused substantial distortion to wall. Continued growth has potential to damage wall.	retention context and likely wall	L	B1-2
144	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	E/M	F	7.50	0.00	2.50	1.50	0.50	3.00	1	274	3.29	Distorted through suppression but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality. Supports no viable crown about lower southern or western canopy.		M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
145	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	E/M	G/F	7.50	0.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	_	388	4.66	Young and apparently vigorous.		L	B2
146	Cordyline (Cordyline australis)	E/M	F	3.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1	312	3.74	A small multi-stemmed element of an ornamental planting.		M	C2
147	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	M	F/P	4.50	0.00	1.00	3.00	3.50	4.50	5	334	4.01	An unkempt, untidy specimen of a weed species. Has suffered partial collapse and failure.	Remove.	N/A	U
148	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	15.00	0.00	4.00	5.50	6.50	4.50	1	942	11.31	Tree is typically unbalanced to south- east. General vigour and vitality appear good with minimal deadwood carriage.	Review regarding retention context.	L	B2
150	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	1.75	4.00	5.00	3.50	4.50		774	9.28	Large specimen of reasonable vigour and vitality but supporting some deadwood.	Clean-out and review regarding retention context.	L	B1-2
151	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	14.00	1.00	2.50	4.50	3.50	3.00	1	535	6.42	A small specimen, having suffered prior decapitation with what appears to be decay at upper end of stem. Much of stem is obscured by combination of epicormic growth and ivy cover.	Cut ivy and review regarding retention context.	M	C2
152	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	17.00	2.00	2.50	4.00	2.00	3.50	1	522	6.26	Slightly suppressed. Higher crown supports some deadwood with principal stem supporting combination of ivy cover on epicormic growth.	Cut ivy and clean- out.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
154	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	F	18.00	2.00	5.00	5.00	3.50	3.50	1	579		Slightly suppressed and exhibiting evidence of decline in deadwood development particularly about higher crown. Much of stem and particularly basal area is obscured by dense epicormic growth, preventing detailed review at present. Apply crown reduction works and clean-out remove deadwood.	Clean-out epicormic growth to facilitate better review.	M	C2
155	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	M	F	5.00	0.50	2.50	5.00	2.00	2.50	1	261	3.13	A distorted specimen of a weed species.	Remove.	N/A	U
156	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	P	6.00	0.00	1.50	2.00	3.00	3.00	-	493	5.92	Comprises a large, decaying stump supporting epicormic growth.	Remove.	N/A	U
157	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	18.00	2.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50		812	9.74	Large specimen of reasonable vigour and vitality though crown support some deadwood. Lower middle stem is obscured by dense epicormic growth.	Clean-out and review regarding retention context.	L	B2
158	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F/P	15.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	2.50	4.00	1	407	4.89	Distorted through suppression and heavily divided from 4.00 m. Crown has been subject to decline and support some substantial deadwood and areas of decay. May offer some degree of sustainability with crown reduction type works.	Clean-out and reduce crown. Remove basal suckers	S	C2
159	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	F	18.00	2.50	5.50	4.00	3.00	5.00	1	748	8.98	Slightly one-sided through end of line position. Higher crown is of variable vigour with evidence of decline and deadwood development, possibly relating to proximity development of driveway and stem base.	Clean-out and consider application of crown reduction works for limited sustainability retention.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
160	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	F	18.00	2.00	3.00	5.00	3.00	2.00	1	780	9.36	Is of variable crown vigour with some deadwood development. Combined ivy development and epicormic growth means that much of crown is obscured from view.	Clean-out and cut ivy. Consider application crown reduction type works.	M	C2
163	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G	14.00	1.50	4.50	4.50	4.00	4.00	_	525	6.30	A relatively young specimen of typically good form.		L	A2
164	Blue Atlas Cedar (Cedrus atlantica)	E/M	G/F	13.00	2.00	4.50	5.00	5.00	4.50	ı	611	7.33	Relatively young and still vigorous specimen has undergone substantial prior pruning with multiple limb removal wound on lower stem. Species can prove brittle in exposed positions.	Review regularly.	L	B2
165	Holm Oak (Quercus ilex)	E/M	G/F	14.00	3.00	6.00	5.50	6.00	7.00		812	9.74	A young and still vigorous, broad, and spreading specimen. Supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	A2
166	Holm Oak (Quercus ilex)	E/M	G	13.00	3.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	3.00	1	573	6.88	Slightly unbalanced through suppression with growth development to east. Has undergone substantial lower crown pruning.		L	B2
167	Holm Oak (Quercus ilex)	E/M	G/F	12.00	3.00	3.50	5.00	3.00	2.00	1	487	5.84	Unbalanced to east through suppression but is maintaining reasonable vigour. Supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2
168	Holm Oak (Quercus ilex)	E/M	G/F	12.00	3.00	4.50	3.00	2.50	4.50	1	525	6.30	Badly unbalanced through suppression. Vigour and vitality are reasonable, but crown support some substantial deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2
169	Holm Oak (Quercus ilex)	E/M	G	13.00	2.50	6.50	6.50	5.50	5.00	1	754	9.05	Large, broad, and spreading specimen having undergone prior lower crown pruning. Crown supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
170	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	M	P	9.00	1.50	2.50	3.50	4.00	3.00	1	401	4.81	In an advanced state of decline with extensive dieback about higher crown.	Consider removal within short term.	N/A	U
171	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S/M	F	4.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	204	2.44	Young and vigorous. Has undergone substantial prior pruning with notable wound at 2.00 m to east.	Review regularly.	M	C2
172	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	E/M	F	8.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	274	3.29	Young and vigorous with immense potential for continued growth over time.		L	B2
173	Field Maple (Acer campestre)	E/M	G/F	11.00	1.75	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	1	458	5.50	Young and still vigorous.		L	A2
174	False Acacia (Robinia pseudoacacia)	M	F	14.00	2.50	4.50	5.50	5.50	5.00	1	729	8.75	Is maintaining fair vigour and vitality but is affected by species typical brittle nature with evidence of storm damage and deadwood development throughout.	Clean-out and review regularly.	L	B2
175	Weeping Birch (Betula youngii)	S/M	F	4.00	0.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	2.50	1	204	2.44	Young and still vigorous.		L	B2
178	Ornamental Cherry (Prunus variety)	E/M	P	5.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	1.00	3.00	1	344	4.13	One-sided and unbalanced to north. Basal region and buttress root zone are subject to substantial decay. Tree appears to offer limited sustainability.	Consider removal and replacement.	S	C2
179	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	E/M	F	5.50	0.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	197	2.37	Young and vigorous, comprising a large element within a broader shrubby mass.		L	B2
180	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S/M	F	6.00	2.00	3.50	3.50	2.00	3.50	1	347	4.16	Multi-stemmed from low level raising concern regarding mechanical integrity. South-western most stem is compromised by partial compression fork failure at 3.00 m. Retention would require extensive pruning whilst still offering limited sustainability.	Consider removal and replacement.	S	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
181	Ornamental Cherry (Prunus variety)	S/M	G/F	5.00	2.00	4.50	1.00	2.00	4.50	_	185	2.22	Young and still vigorous though affected by ivy development at lower levels.		L	B2
182	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S/M	F/P	6.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	3.00	2.50	1	274	3.29	Young and vigorous but compromised by severe wound on western side of lower stem is now subject to extensive decay.	Remove and replace.	N/A	U
183	Ornamental Cherry (Prunus variety)	M	F	7.00	1.75	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	_	357	4.28	Broad and spreading. Of distorted form. Supports substantial deadwood, particularly about middle crown.	Clean-out.	M	C2
184	Ornamental Cherry (Prunus variety)	E/M	F	8.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	<u> </u>	271	3.25	Young and vigorous graft specimen with notable growth anomaly between rootstock and crown. Vigour appears good.		L	B2
185	Domestic Plum (Prunus Sp.)	M	F	7.00	2.00	4.00	2.00	1.50	4.50	-	274	3.29	Distorted and unbalanced but apparently good vigour.	Review regularly.	M	C2
186	Ornamental Cherry (Prunus variety)	M	F	7.50	2.50	2.50	1.50	2.00	2.00	-	350	4.20	Tall and drawn up. Heavily divided above graft union.	Review regularly.	M	C2
187	Ornamental Cherry (Prunus variety)	E/M	F	7.00	2.25	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	385	4.62	Heavily divided above graft union. Is adjoined by decaying remnant of stomp immediately to north-east of stem.	Review regularly.	M	B2
188	Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	E/M	F/P	5.00	1.75	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2	306	3.67	Distorted and broken. Growth form would suggest weeping "kilmarnock" variety however widespread crown damage and failure has resulted in massive re-suckering. Specimen is considered unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
189	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	E/M	G	10.00	2.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	1	538	6.46	Of apparently good vigour and form. Middle crown supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	A2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
190	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	S/M	F/P	9.00	1.50	5.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	1	465	5.58	A once larger specimen has suffered traumatic loss of much of western crown through storm damage. Tree is now heavily unbalanced and supports widespread damage to limbs. Sustainability and appearance are greatly undermined.		S	C2
191	Weeping Willow (Salix Chrysocoma)	E/M	G/F	13.00	0.50	7.00	5.50	5.50	6.00	1	557	6.68	Broad and spreading specimen of apparently good vigour and vitality. Crown has suffered notable damage to west and north-west. Crown supports some deadwood. Clean-out and review regularly.	Review with regard potential retention context.	M	B2
192	Blue Atlas Cedar (Cedrus atlantica)	E/M	P	16.00	2.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.50	1	780	9.36	A once larger specimen has suffered widespread and dramatic loss of northern crown resulting in substantial wounding to principal stem. Wounding is irreparable and will result in unavoidable stem deterioration. Tree will likely be subject to ongoing mechanical failure until ultimate collapse occurs. Is unsustainable beyond immediate short-term and retention will be context dependent.		S	C2
193	Ornamental Cherry (Prunus variety)	M	P	4.50	1.75	2.50	2.50	4.50	1.50	1	401	4.81	Exists as a remnant of a once larger tree having suffered chronic mechanical failure and partial collapse.	Remove.	N/A	U
194	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	M	F/P	12.00	2.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	1	576	6.91	Of apparently good vigour and vitality however stem is affected by localised cavity development and infection of pip to porous is noted on limb at 3.00 m 2 north-west. Tree is overall sustainability is likely to be impaired.	Review regarding retention context, clean-out.	S	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
195	Whitebeam (Sorbus aria)	M	P	5.50	2.00	4.00	3.50	3.00	3.50	1	350	4.20	Heavily unbalanced and has suffered traumatic foliar decline and latter end of 2019 growing season with dead foliage retained within a tree. Winter review suggests a particularly poor health and approaching death.	Review with him growing season of 2020 regarding retention potential.	S	C2
196	Peach (Prunus Sp.)	M	F/P	6.00	1.00	3.50	2.50	1.00	2.50	<u> </u>	315	3.78	Heavily distorted with evidence of decay at ground level and damage within higher crown. Tree is of dubious sustainability.	Review during 2020 growing season.	S	C2
197	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	G	12.00	2.00	5.00	5.50	4.50	5.00	1	516	6.19	Of reasonable vigour and vitality but crown supports some deadwood and evidence of localised storm damage.	Clean-out and review.	M	B2
198	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	F/P	7.00	1.50	2.00	1.50	1.00	2.00		207	2.48	Damaged about stem and has lost higher crown. Is of dubious retention merit.		S	C2
199	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	F	9.00	2.00	2.00	5.50	5.00	4.00	1	334	4.01	Heavily one-sided because of proximity to adjoining specimen (200) general vigour and vitality remains reasonable though crown support some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	C2
200	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	G	13.00	2.00	4.00	4.50	5.00	5.00	1	404	4.85	Slightly distorted through suppression by near neighbours but is otherwise of good vigour and vitality. Limb loss wounds on stem at circa 2.00 m show early signs of localised decay.		L	B2
201	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	F/P	12.00	2.25	4.50	5.00	1.00	1.50	1	341	4.09	Unbalanced and suppressed. Vigour and vitality substantially less than that expected retrieve this age suggesting pathological issues and possible decline onset.	Review during growing season of 2020 regarding retention potential.	S	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
202	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	G/F	13.00	2.00	5.50	5.00	3.00	6.00	1	420	5.04	Heavily unbalanced to north and of distorted form because of proximity to near neighbours. General vigour and vitality remain good though crown support some deadwood.	Clean-out and review as part of cohesive group.	M	B2
203	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	G/F	12.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	4.50	4.00	1	328	3.93	Apparently vigorous though slightly one-sided through suppression. Crown supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2
204	Domestic Apple (Malus variety)	E/M	F	4.00	1.50	3.50	2.00	1.50	3.50	1	312	3.74	Heavily distorted and unbalanced. Has suffered localised damage including cavity development near ground level. Remains vigorous.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
205	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	S/M	F	10.00	2.50	2.50	1.00	2.00	3.50	1	239	2.86	Young and vigorous though distorted through suppression by near neighbours.		L	B2
206	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	S/M	F/P	13.00	2.50	1.00	0.00	3.00	4.50	1	242	2.90	Heavily distorted and unbalanced to west. Appears to have suffered early life made crown failure. May prove suitable for retention as part of cohesive group there is of impaired quality if reviewed and isolation.		S	C2
207	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	S/M	F/P	10.00	2.50	0.00	0.00	4.00	5.00	1	229	2.75	Heavily unbalanced to west. Supports damage on primary stem. Is of broadly poor quality.	Review as part of cohesive group.	M	C2
208	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	M	G/F	13.00	2.00	2.50	4.50	5.50	4.50	1	487	5.84	Slightly one-sided through suppression with typical imbalance to south. General vigour and vitality remain good though crown support some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2
209	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	14.00	2.00	3.50	3.50	6.50	7.00	1	719	8.63	Distorted and one-sided through suppression. Vigour and vitality are fair though substantial deadwood is noted within crown.	Clean-out review regularly.	M	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
210	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	E/M	F	17.00	2.50	3.50	4.00	7.00	5.00	1	656	7.87	Heavily one-sided and typically unbalanced to south. Higher crown has suffered widespread and traumatic failure including original crown apex loss. Debris from failure remains caught within crown. Remaining crown appears vigorous but would require extensive pruning for attention that would potentially undermine sustainability.	Reviewed regard retention context and consider structural pruning to provide interim retention.	M	C2
211	Lime (Tilia europea)	S/M	F/P	7.00	2.25	1.00	2.00	6.00	2.00	1	312	3.74	Heavily unbalanced to south through suppression. Damage at fork at 2.50 m suggest possible early life damage. Structural form is considered particularly poor offering limited sustainability.	Review regarding retention context and suitability of applying structural pruning works for interim retention only.	S	C2
212	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	F	16.00	3.00	3.00	6.00	7.00	5.50	1	735	8.82	One-sided and unbalanced to south. Vigour and vitality appear fair but less than that expected for tree of this age.	Clean-out and review in growing season of 2020.	M	B2
213	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	E/M	G/F	16.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	5.00	4.00	1	532	6.38	Tall and slender with notable imbalance to south. General vigour and vitality appear good. Crown supports deadwood and some evidence of localised storm damage.	Clean-out review regarding retention context.	L	B2
214	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	17.00	3.00	4.50	3.50	7.00	5.50	1	764	9.17	Supports minor growth imbalance to south. Vigour and vitality are fair however crown supports notable deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2
215	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	M	F	17.00	3.00	3.50	6.00	7.00	5.00	1	802	9.63	Tree support notable imbalance to south. Higher central crown has suffered prior storm damage and limb loss remaining crown supports some deadwood.	Clean-out review regarding retention context.	M	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
216	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	E/M	F	16.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	6.00	5.00	-	455	5.46	Heavily unbalanced to south west. Tree suffered storm damage and loss of crown apex. Lower crown is compromised by compression fork at 5.00 m. Tree may offer limited sustainability with structural pruning.	Consider crown reduction works for limited retention.	S	C2
217	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	18.00	3.00	2.00	5.50	7.50	6.00	1	764	9.17	Large specimen typically one-sided and unbalanced to south. Vigour and vitality are reasonable though crown support some deadwood and evidence of storm damage.	Clean-out.	L	B2
218	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	4.00	3.00	3.50	6.00	4.50	1	573	6.88	Tall and slender specimen with typical imbalance to south. Higher central crown has suffered prior storm damage and stem loss.	Clean-out review regarding retention context.	L	B1-2
219	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	20.00	3.50	6.00	5.50	7.50	6.00	1	866	10.39	Large and apparently vigorous specimen. Has suffered minor localised storm damage and deadwood development.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
220	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	М	G/F	19.00	4.00	7.50	9.00	8.00	5.00	1	1114	13.37	One sided with overall imbalance to east. Is heavily divided from low level suggesting potential for to adjoining trees as opposed to 1 individual. General vigour and vitality appear good though crown supports some deadwood.	Clean-out and review regarding retention context.	L	B2
221	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	M	G/F	13.00	1.75	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	1	834	10.01	A mature and potentially aged tree. General condition is good however crown has suffered localised prior damage and limb loss with some wounding and localise decay.	Clean-out.	L	A2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
222	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	20.00	2.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	1	828	9.93	A large specimen heavily obscured by dense epicormic growth that low levels that prevents detailed review. General vigour and vitality will be considered typical for line of this age with evidence of localised deadwood development.	Clean-out and consider cleaning off epicormic growth to facilitate better review in future.	L	B1-2
223	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	19.00	2.50	4.00	4.00	5.00	4.50	1	828	9.93	Supports minor imbalance. General vigour and vitality appear good however lower stem is obscured by dense epicormic growth.	Clean-out and consider removal of, growth at lower levels to facilitate better review in future.	L	B1-2
224	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	23.00	2.50	6.00	5.50	7.00	5.50	1	942	11.31	A particularly large and potentially aged specimen. General vigour and vitality are good though aspect is exposed.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
225	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	16.00	2.25	1.00	3.50	5.00	2.50	1	573	6.88	Tall and slender with typical imbalance to south through suppression. Vigour and vitality are fair though deadwood and storm damage is noted.	Clean-out and review regularly.	M	C2
226	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	6.50	0.00	1.00	3.00	4.00	2.00	<u> </u>	398	4.77	Naturally arising scrubby specimen, suppressed, and unbalanced to south. Is of dubious suitability for retention.		S	C2
227	Elder Group (Sambucus nigra)	M	P	5.00	0.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	1	306	3.67	Partially collapsed and re-suckering. Unsuitable for retention.	Remove.	N/A	U
228	Sycamore Group (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	6.00	1.25	2.00	1.50	2.50	2.00	-	239	2.86	Community of adjoining suckering stems arising naturally within thicket development. Position adjoining wall raised concerns regarding sustainability over time.		M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
229	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	6.50	2.00	4.50	3.00	2.00	2.00	2	286	3.44	Comprises suck regeneration arising from thicket area. Arises from wall footing where sustainability is highly questionable.		S	C2
230	Sycamore Group (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F/P	7.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	5	318	3.82	Suckering group arising from boundary wall footing. I considered unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
231	Sycamore Group (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F/P	8.50	0.00	4.00	2.50	4.50	4.00	5	430	5.16	A multi-stemmed and thicket like group arising from boundary alignment and adjoining neighbouring building. Is considered unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
232	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	8.00	1.00	3.50	3.00	2.50	4.00	<u> </u>	395	4.74	Young suckering thicket like specimen arising from boundary wall footing. Is unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
233	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	8.00	1.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	3.50	1	382	4.58	Young suckering thicket like specimen arising from boundary wall footing. Is unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
234	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	8.00	1.00	3.00	2.50	1.50	3.50	1	366	4.39	Young suckering thicket like specimen arising from boundary wall footing. Is unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
235	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	14.00	2.00	1.00	4.50	5.00	3.00	1	748	8.98	Suppressed and typically unbalanced to south as result of proximity to nay near neighbours. General vigour and vitality appear good though lower stem is obscured by ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B2
236	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	17.00	2.00	3.00	5.00	4.00	1.50	-	694	8.33	Typically unbalanced to east. General vigour and vitality appear good.	Cut ivy and remove basal suckers.	L	B2
238	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F/P	7.00	1.50	2.00	5.00	1.00	1.00	1	344	4.13	Heavily suppressed and grossly unbalanced to east. Is of questionable to say it sustainability other than within a group context.		S	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
241	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	P	15.00	0.00	2.00	5.00	4.00	2.50	1	598	7.18	Lower stem is affected by major wound now subject to ongoing decay that will be subject to deterioration over time. Tree sustainability is limited. Distorted form suggests minimal retention potential.	Review regarding retention context.	S	C2
242	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	17.00	0.00	4.50	5.50	4.00	3.00	1	917	11.00	Large specimen previously pruned on northern side presumably regarding encroachment on adjoining building. General vigour and vitality appear good however ivy development is notable near ground level.	Clean-out and cut ivy.	L	B2
243	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	15.00	2.00	5.00	1.50	2.00	3.50	1	579	6.95	Drawn up with minor imbalance to north. Supports ivy development at lower levels.	Cut ivy and review.	M	B2
244	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	4.00	6.00	4.50	4.50	6.00	1	853	10.24	A large specimen supporting typical imbalance to north-west. Appears be maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality though lower crown principal stem is obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B2
247	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F/P	15.00	5.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.50	1	388	4.66	Tall and spindly. Affected by localised decay and cavity development on lower northern stem that will deteriorate with time, thus undermining sustainability.	Consider early removal.	N/A	U
248	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	14.00	5.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	3.50	1	541	6.49	Tall and slender, heavily divided at 3.00 m.	Review regarding retention context.	L	B2
249	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	14.00	2.50	4.50	0.00	1.50	6.00	1	681	8.17	Heavily unbalanced to west and distorted through proximity to larger growing neighbours. Lower crown principal stem supports notable ivy cover.	Cut ivy and review regarding retention context.	L	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
250	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	P	12.00	3.00	2.50	0.00	2.50	5.00	1	407	4.89	Heavily one-sided and unbalanced to west. Lower eastern side of stem is affected by extensive cavity development and decay that will deteriorate and undermine sustainability.	Consider early removal or review retention context in respect of limited retention and action limited sustainability.	S	C2
251	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	D	5.00	2.50	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	<u> </u>	248	2.98	Comprising a dead stump.	Remove.	N/A	U
252	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	13.00	4.00	1.50	1.50	1.00	4.00	1	411	4.93	Distorted, drawn up and unbalanced to west. As a poor-quality specimen but may offer some degree of sustainability within woodland context.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
253	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	8.00	3.00	1.50	0.00	1.50	6.00	1	334	4.01	Chronically unbalanced with major growth deflection to west. Is of questionable long-term stability. Suitability for retention will be context dependent and then, only as part of woodland group.		S	C2
254	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	13.00	2.50	3.50	2.00	2.50	5.00	1	420	5.04	Supports notable growth imbalance to west. Vigour and vitality are less than that of near neighbours with evidence of deadwood development throughout crown. Lower stem supports ivy cover.	out. Review regarding retention	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
255	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	P	10.00	10.00	4.50	3.50	3.50	5.00	1	828	9.93	A large specimen having suffered extensive fire damage to north and north-eastern stem with major bark necrosis and superficial decay of underlying timber with evidence of widespread fungal activity indicating rapid continuation of decay over time. Sustainability is heavily impaired and suitability for retention will be limited to short-term only with inevitable requirement for removal.		S	C2
256	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	6.00	2.00	4.00	3.50	3.50	3.00	သ	430	5.16	Naturally arising and triple stemmed from near ground level. Is a young and vigorous but of poor structural form.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
257	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	5.00	1.25	2.50	2.00	2.50	2.50	_	229	2.75	Young and vigorous but arising from wall footing where continued growth will result in boundary/boundary wall damage.	Consider early removal.	N/A	U
258	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	7.00	0.00	2.00	3.00	3.50	3.50	1	328	3.93	Young and vigorous but growing at position in contact with boundary wall where growth related damage is inevitable. Tree is unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
259	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	7.50	3.00	0.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	1	207	2.48	Young and vigorous though slightly unbalanced. Arises from sloping ground between boundary and driveway kerb edge.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
260	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	M	F/P	5.00	0.00	1.50	2.00	3.50	3.00	1	388	4.66	A large shrub typically regarded as a weed species growing at a position in contact with boundary wall where continued growth will result in wall damage.	Remove.	N/A	U

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
261	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	15.00	2.50	6.00	7.00	4.50	5.00	1	831	9.97	A relatively large and good vigour specimen arising from what appears to be artificial ground between house access drive and building. Has been pruned on southern side presumably in relation to building encroachment.	Reviewed regard retention context.	L	В2
262	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	18.00	0.00	6.00	5.00	5.50	6.00	1	844	10.12	A large specimen partially obscured by combined ivy development and epicormic growth that prevents detailed review of lower middle crown and primary stem. General vigour and vitality appear reasonable though species typical deadwood is noted throughout crown.	Prune to reduce/remove epicormic growth and to sever ivy. Clean-out remove all large deadwood. Review regarding retention context.	L	B2
263	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	15.00	3.50	6.00	5.50	4.50	2.00	1	694	8.33	Slightly misshapen through gross balance relating to suppression by near neighbours. Vigour and vitality are less than adjoining trees with canopy cover about higher crown suggesting possible onset of decline. Tree has suffered minor storm damage.	Clean-out and review during growing season of 2020 regarding clearer appraisal of vigour.	M	B2
264	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	F	16.00	4.00	8.00	7.00	4.00	4.50	1	840	10.08	Heavily unbalanced and north east, presumably because of growth imbalance but exacerbated by prior pruning and limb removal. Vigour and vitality appear reasonable though deadwood is noted within crown. Higher crown has been subject to mechanical failure and storm damage. One limb loss wound at circa 4.50 m is subject to notable decay that will in turn undermine structural integrity of the affected limb.	Review regarding retention context and need for structural pruning if retained.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
265	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	17.00	5.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	4.00		754	9.05	Apparently vigorous. Tree has suffered localised storm damage and limb loss in recent past.	Clean-out.	L	B2
266	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	19.00	4.00	6.00	5.00	4.50	4.50	<u> </u>	751	9.01	A tall specimen of apparently good vigour and vitality, supporting minimal deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
267	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	E/M	F	17.00	3.50	6.00	4.50	4.00	3.00	1	707	8.48	Slightly misshapen through proximity to near neighbours. Has undergone substantial prior lower crown pruning. Is affected by substantial prior limb loss and storm damage about southern crown. Principal stem is potentially compromised by compression fork at circa 2.00 m.	review regarding sustainability and suitability for	M	C2
268	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	4.00	7.00	5.00	4.50	5.50	<u> </u>	710	8.52	A tall specimen of apparently good vigour and vitality where crown support only limited deadwood or evidence of storm damage.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
269	Lime (Tilia europea)	S/M	F	10.00	2.25	5.00	2.50	3.00	3.50	<u> </u>	477	5.73	A young, apparent replacement is slightly suppressed by larger neighbours. General vigour and vitality remain good though some deadwood is noted.		L	B2
270	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	17.00	2.50	5.00	4.00	3.50	2.50	1	516	6.19	Tall and columnar, slightly suppressed by proximity of near neighbours. General vigour and vitality appear good with minimal deadwood carriage. Crown has suffered minor localised storm damage.		L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
271	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	16.00	3.00	7.50	5.50	4.50	3.50		668	8.02	Affected by notable and developing cavity at 1.75 m on southern side of stem. Middle crown has suffered prior storm damage and limb breakage. Tree supports general imbalance to north but maintains reasonable vigour and vitality. Structural pruning would provide reasonable sustainability over medium-term.		M	C2
272	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	2.00	7.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	<u> </u>	719		A large specimen of apparently good vigour and vitality though crown supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
274	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F/P	10.00	4.00	3.50	1.50	2.00	3.50	1	325	3.90	A young specimen compromised by prior damage and wound at south-east of stem base. Tree offers limited sustainability.	Review regarding retention context.	S	C2
276	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	4.50	0.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	1	229	2.75	Young and vigorous but arising from position where stem base is in contact with boundary wall. Damage to boundary wall will institute. Tree is unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
277	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	P	4.50	0.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	3	274	3.29	Young and vigorous but arising from position where stem base is in contact with boundary wall. Damage to boundary wall will institute. Tree is unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U
278	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	5.00	0.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	1	286	3.44	Young and vigorous but arising from position where stem base is in contact with boundary wall. Damage to boundary wall will institute. Tree is unsustainable.	Remove.	N/A	U

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
279	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	5.50	1.00	2.00	3.50	2.00	1.00	1	207	2.48	Arises from bank side vegetation and scrub development. Arises from particularly sloping embankment between river and playing pitch levels.		M	B2
	Scrub Thicket Goat Willow (Salix caprea) Bramble (Rubus fruticosus) Buddleia (Buddleia davidii) Ivy (Hedera helix)	Willow (caprea) ble (s fruticosus) eia (lleia davidii)				cket	m/s	N/A	N/A	A broadly can tenuous thicket development arising from positions on the sloping ground between lower river levels and the elevated playing pitch levels. Individually, the constituent plants are often of poor quality, many having suffered collapse of failure however, as a developing thicket they provide what might prove to be sustainable cover.		M	C2			
280	Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	S/M	F	4.50	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	248	2.98	Young and vigorous, comprising a typical element of the naturally regenerating bank thicket. Is often regarded as a short-lived species.	Review regarding retention context.	M	B2
281	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	9.00	1.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.00	_	328	3.93	A young and vigorous specimen arising from lower embankment above talker river.		L	B2
282	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	0.00	3.00	4.00	2.50	1.00	_	844	10.12	Apparently vigorous though lower levels are heavily obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
283	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	0.00	2.00	1.50	1.50	1.00		844	10.12	Apparently vigorous though lower levels are heavily obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
284	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	2.50	2.50	2.00	4.50	1.50	1	844	10.12	Supports visible evidence of localised storm damage and minor deadwood development.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
285	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	20.00	1.00	2.50	1.50	4.50	1.00	1	844	10.12	Of reasonable vigour and vitality though much of primary stem and lower crown is obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
286	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	19.00	3.50	5.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	1	844	10.12	Tree has developed more spreading crown than adjoining neighbours. Vigour and vitality remain reasonable though primary stem is obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
287	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	F	9.00	0.00	5.50	5.50	3.50	3.00	4	430	5.16	Multi-stem from near ground level with over road river having suffered widespread bark damage. Appears to comprise typical element of natural regeneration.	Review regarding retention context and managed accordingly.	M	C2
288	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	S/M	F	8.00	1.00	4.50	3.50	2.00	2.50	2	306	3.67	Twin stem from near ground level. Is maintaining good vigour vitality. Appears to be naturally arising.		M	B2
289	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	S/M	F	8.00	0.00	3.00	1.50	0.50	1.50	1	185	2.22	Tall and slender whip like specimen comprising typical element of riverside natural regeneration.	Review regarding retention context.	M	B2
290	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	F	10.00	0.00	4.00	3.50	0.00	1.50	1	261	3.13	Comprising typical element of natural regeneration set out at edge of river channel. Is heavily unbalanced to north across river.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
291	Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	S/M	F	4.50	1.00	3.00	2.50	2.00	2.50	-	226	2.71	An element of natural regeneration within repairing corridor.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
292	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	F	10.00	2.00	6.00	4.50	4.00	4.00	2	376	4.51	Heavily divided from near ground level. Is typically unbalanced towards and over river.	Review regarding retention context.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
293	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	F	19.00	2.50	6.50	7.00	7.00	7.00	1	1146	13.75	Primary stem is affected by extensive cavity development at 4.00 m as well as substantial internal decay on northern side of stem to 0.75 m. General vigour and vitality remains good though crown has been subject to minor storm damage. Note decay and cavity development will extend over time and will ultimately undermine structural integrity. Sustainability is impaired though tree may be suitable for retention depending upon retention context.	Review regarding retention context and managed accordingly.	M	C1-2
294	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	M	G/F	17.00	3.00	6.00	7.00	6.50	6.50	1	936	11.23	Large, broad, and spreading specimen. General vigour and vitality appear reasonable though crown has been subject to localised storm damage and deadwood development. Primary stem and middle crown are heavily obscured by dense ivy cover that could obscure issues such as in a notice attack.	Cut ivy and clean- out. Review after ivy shedding.	L	B2
295	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	1.50	1.00	1	624	7.49	Tall and slender specimen where lower stem is heavily obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
296	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	2.50	3.00	2.00	1.50	1.00		844	10.12	Of apparently good vigour and vitality though lower stem is obscured by ivy development.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
297	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	1.50	3.00	2.00	2.00	4.50	1	844	10.12	Of good vigour and vitality but has suffered minor localised storm damage and was suppressed by loss of originally adjoining neighbours. Lower stem is obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
298	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	D	3.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	844	10.12	Exists as a decapitated and decaying stump.	Remove.	N/A	U
299	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	S/M	F	10.00	1.50	6.00	5.50	2.50	4.00	2	462	5.54	Heavily divided from near ground level and typically unbalanced towards and over river. Lower western stem has suffered notable bark damage.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
300	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	21.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	1.50	1.00	1	844	10.12	Of apparently good vigour and vitality. Supports minor wound on lower southern stem.	Review regularly.	L	B1-2
301	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	3.00	2.50	2.00	2.00	1.00	-	844	10.12	Of apparently good vigour and vitality but lower crown and stem is obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
302	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	S/M	F	6.00	1.50	3.50	3.50	2.50	2.50	1	271	3.25	Comprises typical element of riverside natural regeneration.	Cut ivy.	L	B2
303	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	G/F	5.50	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.50	2.00	1	188	2.25	Young and vigorous comprising typical element of riverside natural regeneration.		L	B2
304	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	F	22.00	2.00	2.50	3.00	2.00	1.50	1	907	10.89	Of apparently good vigour and type vitality but has been subject to prior storm damage. Lower crown and primary stem are obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
305	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	1.50	3.00	2.50	2.00	1.50	-	844	10.12	Of apparently good vigour and vitality though lower stem is obscured by ivy development.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
306	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F/P	8.50	0.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	4	430	5.16	A young and suckering group of stems combining to create a singular crown form. Appears to be sucker regeneration arising from the stump of previous tree and thus may not prove sustainable.	Review regarding retention context in suitability for retention.	S	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
307	Lombardy Poplar (Populus nigra "Italica")	M	G/F	22.00	1.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	1	844	10.12	Apparently vigorous though lower stem is obscured by ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	L	B1-2
308	Common Alder (Alnus glutinosa)	S/M	G	9.00	2.00	3.00	3.50	2.50	3.00	1	229	2.75	Young and vigorous specimen of good form arises from descending slope to river edge.		L	B2
309	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	F	5.00	1.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	1	223	2.67	Young and still vigorous but distorted suggesting apex loss in past. Lower stem supports minor wound.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
310	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	F	6.00	1.00	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	2	283	3.40	Of variable crown vigour raising concerns regarding sustainability. Review regularly.		M	C2
311	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	F	7.00	0.50	2.00	2.00	1.50	1.50	1	407	4.89	Still vigorous but compromised by competitive growth of adjoining elder that has suppressed foliage to southeast.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
312	Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	E/M	G/F	5.00	1.00	3.00	1.00	2.50	3.00	-	220	2.64	Comprising typical element of bankside vegetation.		M	C2
313	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	F	7.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	4.50	1.50	2	318	3.82	Of variable crown vigour suggesting possible wind scorch.	Review regularly.	M	C2
314	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	F	7.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	4	471	5.65	Is of variable crown vigour suggesting wind scorch. South western stem has been lost to storm damage. Tree is of questionable sustainability.		S	C2
315	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	F	7.50	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	347	4.16	Apparently vigorous.	Review regarding retention context. Cut ivy.	L	B2
316	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	F	7.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	366	4.39	Canopy vigour is variable suggesting possible wind scorch.	Review regularly.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
317	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	P	7.50	0.50	2.00	2.25	2.00	1.00	1	347	4.16	Appears to have suffered substantial storm damage to north-western crown. Supports ivy development through throughout much of crown form. Is of dubious sustainability.		S	C2
318	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	5.50	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	188	2.25	Young and vigorous comprising typical element of natural sucker regeneration on riverside bank. Prune to remove satellite stems and retain principal central stem.		L	B2
319	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	M	F/P	21.00	0.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	3.50	1	1066	12.80	A large specimen suffering typical age-related mechanical deterioration with widespread and ongoing mechanical failure. This form of damage must be considered unmanageable and will inevitably continue over time. Tree's suitability for retention and sustainability is accordingly highly impaired. Potential for retention will be context dependent and must accept potential and likelihood of large-scale mechanical failure.		S	C2
320	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	16.00	3.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	2.50	1	774	9.28	Proximity to near neighbours has led to growth imbalance to north east. General vigour and vitality appear good though much of primary stem is heavily obscured by ivy cover.	Cut ivy and review.	L	B2
321	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	15.00	2.00	4.50	4.00	5.00	3.00	1	592	7.10	Heavily distorted because of position between two adjoining larger trees. Large proportion of canopy is obscured by dense ivy cover thus preventing detailed review at this time. Visible canopy remains vigorous but supports elements of storm damage.	Cut ivy and rereview.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
322	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	23.00	3.00	7.00	6.50	6.50	7.00	1	910	10.92	A particularly large specimen of apparently good vigour and vitality. Crown exhibits localised elements only of storm damage and deadwood development. Primary stem is obscured by dense ivy cover preventing detailed review at present. Clean-out remove deadwood and broken material.	Cut ivy to facilitate better review in future.	L	B1-2
323	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F/P	14.00	4.00	4.50	4.00	6.00	3.00	–	551	6.61	Heavily distorted because of position beneath larger neighbours. Much of principal stem is obscured by dense ivy growth though overall form suggests high potential for prior damage and crown loss.	Cut ivy and review after ivy shedding.	S	C2
324	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	10.00	1.50	7.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	1	385	4.62	Heavily suppressed and notably unbalanced to north, towards river. Principal stem is obscured by dense ivy cover.	Cut ivy and rereview.	M	C2
325	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	17.00	5.00	5.50	4.50	6.00	3.00	1	783	9.40	Has developed gross distortion through proximity to near neighbours. Higher north eastern crown support extensive deadwood and possible dieback associated with pathology. Principal stem and middle crown are heavily obscured by ivy cover preventing detailed review.	Cut ivy and rereview during growing season of 2020 regarding getting better understanding of health status.	M	C2
326	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	13.00	6.00	5.00	1.00	0.00	2.00	1	347	4.16	Heavily suppressed and unbalanced to north.	Cut ivy and rereview.	M	C2
327	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	15.00	4.50	3.50	3.00	5.50	5.00	1	592	7.10	Distorted through proximity of near neighbour. General vigour and vitality appear good though much of principal stem and middle crown is obscured by dense ivy cover.		M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
328	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	15.00	2.50	4.50	3.00	5.00	5.00	1	560	6.72	One-sided through suppression and proximity to near neighbour. Vigour and vitality appear good with extensive sucker regeneration near ground level. Middle crown to east middle crown to west has suffered extensive storm damage.	Cut ivy and remove basal suckers rereview after ivy shedding	M	C2
329	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	P	12.00	2.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	5.00	1	910	10.92	Exists as a remnant of a larger tree having suffered catastrophic loss of much of higher crown. Principal stem is now subject to extensive decay. Is unsuitable for retention.	Remove.	N/A	U
330	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	1.00	12.00	7.00	5.50	7.00	1	939	11.27	A particularly large specimen supporting notable imbalance to north, towards river. General vigour and vitality are good though some deadwood and evidence of storm damage is noted. Is potentially compromised by compression fork at 3.50 m has suffered notable storm damage and limb loss about lower south-western crown.	Clean-out remove deadwood in major breakages.	L	B2
331	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	G/F	5.50	1.50	2.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	1	175	2.10	Young and vigorous arising as natural regeneration from bank side vegetation.	Review regarding retention context.	L	B2
332	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	P	4.00	0.00	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50		414	4.97	Effectively comprises a remnant stump after the collapse of larger tree.	Remove.	N/A	U
334	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	E/M	F	13.00	4.00	2.50	3.00	4.50	4.50	-	522	6.26	Young and relatively vigorous but already exhibiting evidence of species typical mechanical failure.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
340	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	F	6.00	0.00	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	1	334	4.01	Suppressed by proximity of near neighbours. Appears to comprise an element of a lapsed shrubbery.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
341	Griselinia (Griselinia littoralis)	E/M	F/P	3.50	0.00	1.00	1.50	2.00	4.00	1	216	2.60	An element of lapsed shrubbery, heavily suppressed and unbalanced to west. Is of dubious sustainability.		S	C2
342	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	E/M	F/P	5.00	1.00	2.50	3.00	2.00	2.00	1	261	3.13	Typically regarded as a weed species and comprising typical element of natural regeneration. Not be regarded as suitable for retention within a developed context.		S	C2
343	Purple Plum (Prunus cerasifera)	M	P	5.00	1.00	3.50	4.00	3.50	3.00	1	398	4.77	Though re-suckering freely, tree has been subject to ongoing mechanical failure and cavity development. Is unlikely to prove sustainable beyond short-term.		S	C2
344	Purple Plum (Prunus cerasifera)	M	F/P	4.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	306	3.67	A shrub like specimen that appears to comprise sucker regeneration from the stump of a previous, larger tree for. Is of poor quality and dubious sustainability.		S	C2
345	Elder Group (Sambucus nigra)	M	F/P	3.50	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	322	3.86	A multi-stemmed, thicket like development arising in conjunction with dilapidated fence line. Typically regarded as a weed species. Unsuitable for retention.	Remove.	N/A	U
346	Elder Group (Sambucus nigra)	M	F/P	3.50	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	306	3.67	A multi-stemmed, thicket like development arising in conjunction with dilapidated fence line. Typically regarded as a weed species. Unsuitable for retention.	Remove.	N/A	U
347	Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	E/M	F	3.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3	229	2.75	Relatively young and still vigorous. Appears to comprise a remnant of what may have been an earlier hedge in conjunction with dilapidated fence line.		M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
348	Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	M	F	5.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	-	306	3.67	Young and still vigorous though supporting extensive climbing plants.	Review regarding retention context.	L	B2
349	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	S/M	F	7.00	0.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	1	328	3.93	Young and still vigorous though supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2
350	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	G/F	13.00	1.50	4.00	3.50	1.00	3.00	1	481	5.77	Supports minor distortion and imbalance to north east but is of good vigour and vitality.		L	A2
351	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	M	G	14.00	2.00	4.00	4.00	4.50	5.00	1	630	7.56	Of typically good form and vigour. Has suffered minor storm damage within upper crown.		L	A2
352	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	10.00	2.00	5.00	4.50	3.50	1.00	1	363	4.35	Notably suppressed and one-sided, unbalanced to east. Remains vigorous.		L	B2
353	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	17.00	4.00	5.50	5.00	5.00	4.00	-	799	9.59	Still vigorous but potentially compromised by compression fork at 2.25 m.	Review regularly.	L	B2
354	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	15.00	3.50	6.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	-	796	9.55	Heavily divided at 1.50 m with complication of potential decay at 1.00 m to west.	Review regularly and regarding retention context.	M	C2
355	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	13.00	2.50	5.00	4.00	5.00	4.50	1	605	7.26	Heavily distorted through proximity to larger near neighbours. Supports substantial deadwood within middle crown and ivy development on lower stem.	Cut ivy and clean- out. Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
356	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	E/M	F	14.00	5.00	4.50	0.00	2.00	7.00	1	557	6.68	Heavily unbalanced to west though is maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.	Clean-out and review regularly.	M	B2
357	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	14.00	1.50	5.50	4.50	3.00	5.00	1	551	6.61	Young and still vigorous though slightly unbalanced to north. Is heavily divided from 2.00 m with stems adjoining and bridged by self-grafted branches within middle crown.	Review regularly.	M	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
358	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	M	F	12.00	0.00	7.00	5.50	3.00	6.50	1	748	8.98	One-sided and typically unbalanced. Southern face of lower stem is heavily damaged with underlying timber exposed to decay. Crown supports minor deadwood and evidence of storm damage.	Review regarding retention context and on regular basis if retained.	M	C2
359	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	F	9.00	0.00	4.50	4.50	4.00	3.00	ω	684	8.21	A multi-stemmed and untidy group supporting some deadwood and evidence of localised storm damage.	Clean-out review regularly.	M	C2
360	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	F	10.00	0.00	6.50	6.00	6.00	5.50	5	688	8.25	Large, multi-stemmed specimen of poor mechanical form exhibiting evidence of prior partial collapse, particularly about northern crown	Review regarding retention context and consider structural pruning for managed retention.	M	C2
361	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	G	10.00	1.75	4.00	3.50	4.50	3.50	1	516	6.19	Young and vigorous and of typically good form.		L	A2
362	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	G/F	15.00	1.50	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.00	-	446	5.35	Of typically good form and vigour with only minimal deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	A2
363	Cordyline (Cordyline australis)	S/M	F/P	3.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1	229	2.75	Four remaining stems from larger group. Decaying stump remains. Is of dubious sustainability.		S	C2
364	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	6.00	2.25	2.00	2.50	2.00	0.00	1	169	2.02	Young and naturally arising specimen heavily suppressed by larger overhead trees.		L	B2
365	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	F	3.00	0.00	1.50	1.50	4.50	1.00	1	159	1.91	Suppressed by larger neighbours but maintaining reasonable vigour.		M	C2
366	Atlas Cedar (Cedrus atlantica)	E/M	G/F	16.00	2.00	4.00	3.50	3.00	3.00	1	452	5.42	Encroached upon by adjoining trees but is maintaining good vigour and vitality and offers immense potential for continued growth over time.		L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
367	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	S/M	F/P	6.00	1.75	1.50	3.00	3.00	2.50	1	197	2.37	Heavily suppressed, growing up within canopy of adjoining cedar. Is of dubious sustainability.		М	C2
368	Atlas Cedar (Cedrus atlantica)	M	F	14.00	2.00	5.50	6.50	6.50	5.50	1	535	6.42	A squat and spreading specimen whose form is highly suggestive of early life apex loss. Spreading crown will lead to mechanical issues and predisposition towards mechanical failure. Tree sustainability is limited.	Review regarding retention context and clean-out.	M	C2
369	Blue Atlas Cedar (Cedrus atlantica "Glauca")	M	G/F	18.00	2.00	9.00	7.00	8.50	7.50	1	697	8.36	A large and visually imposing tree of good vigour and vitality. Has undergone prior pruning but appears to be free from substantial storm damage.	Review regarding retention context and brittle nature.	L	B1-2
370	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	P	3.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	3.00	2.00	1	286	3.44	Partially uprooted and collapse to south. Is of dubious sustainability.		S	C2
371	Lilac (Syringa vulgaris)	M	D	5.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	2.50	2.00	-	286	3.44	Supports only minimal living crown at higher levels with majority of crown already dead.	Remove.	N/A	U
372	Cherry Laurel (Prunus laurocerasus)	M	F	6.00	1.50	3.00	6.00	3.00	4.00	1	376	4.51	Large sprawling shrub that has already been subject to mechanical failure. Shrub can be rejuvenated by severe cutting back to initiate new suckering if required.		M	C2
373	Cherry Laurel (Prunus laurocerasus)	M	P	3.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	4.50	1.50	-	229	2.75	Severely cut back in past and comprises a low-level suckering mass.		S	C2
374	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	P	10.00	2.00	3.50	3.50	4.00	3.00	1	360	4.32	Once larger specimen has suffered traumatic failure of a compression fork at 2.25 m. Similar fork exists immediately above suggesting high likelihood of continued mechanical failure. Is ill suited to retention.	Consider early removal.	N/A	U

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
375	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	17.00	1.75	4.50	5.00	6.50	4.50	1	557		Young and still vigorous. Has suffered notable storm damage including loss of upper central crown portion.	Clean-out and review regarding retention context.	M	B2
376	Bay Laurel (Laurus noblis)	M	F	6.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	1	306	3.67	Large shrubby mass of multiple stem some of which have already failed. Can be rejuvenated by severe cutting if necessary.		M	C2
377	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	F/P	14.00	3.00	7.50	6.00	5.00	5.50	1	859	10.31	Heavily unbalanced to north. Is heavily divided at 2.00 m with extensive bark necrosis throughout and overall reduction in crown vigour suggesting pathological issues. Review on regular basis regarding sustainability and suitability for retention.		M	C2
378	Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	M	F	6.50	1.75	4.00	1.50	2.00	1.50	_	146	1.76	Tall and spindly but apparently good vigour.	Review regularly.	L	B2
379	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	G/F	5.50	2.00	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.50	<u> </u>	146	1.76	Badly suppressed and distorted being located beneath canopy of larger neighbours.	Review regularly.	L	B2
380	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	M	G/F	14.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	4.50	4.00	_	602	7.22	Slightly suppressed, particularly at lower levels with general crown format limited to southern crown.	Review regularly.	M	B2
381	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	17.00	3.00	7.00	5.50	5.50	7.00	-	675	8.10	Large, apparently vigorous specimen.		L	B2
382	Portuguese Laurel (Prunus lusitanica)	M	F	6.00	1.50	3.00	1.00	5.00	5.00	4	388	4.66	Heavily unbalanced to west through suppression. Effectively comprises an outgrown element of broader shrubbery.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
383	Purple Plum (Prunus cerasifera)	M	P	8.00	2.00	5.00	3.00	4.50	5.00		598	7.18	A large, aged specimen, affected by fungal activity, decay and failure. Is unsustainable beyond short-term.	Consider removal and replacement.	N/A	U

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
384	Giant Redwood (Seqoiadendron giganteum)	E/M	G/F	19.00	3.00	2.50	4.50	5.00	2.00	<u> </u>	1070	12.83	Supports minor imbalance to south east. Appears to be of good vigour and vitality.		L	A1-2
386	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F/P	14.00	3.50	3.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	1	388	4.66	Young and vigorous with immense potential for continued growth over time. Has suffered mechanical limb loss at circa 4.50 m resulting in damage and decay to north-western most fork.		M	C2
387	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	10.00	1.75	4.00	4.00	3.00	1.50	1	220	2.64	Suppressed, distorted with notable imbalance to east. Remains vigorous.		L	C2
388	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	G	15.00	3.50	4.50	4.50	4.00	4.00	1	414	4.97	Naturally arising. In vigorous with immense potential for continued growth.		L	B2
389	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	M	G	19.00	4.00	4.00	9.00	8.00	4.00	1	805	9.66	Large specimen typically unbalanced to south east. General vigour and vitality appear good.		L	A1-2
390	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F/P	11.00	2.00	4.00	8.00	6.00	4.00	1	455	5.46	Heavily distorted through suppression. Large elements of crown are in decline and dying back with low level wounding and cavity development noted at stem base. Tree offers minimal sustainability.	Consider early removal.	N/A	U
391	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	M	G/F	21.00	5.00	2.00	2.00	8.00	6.00	1	777	9.32	Heavily unbalanced to south west. Tree is of good vigour and vitality. Is eminently suitable for retention as part of woodland group.		L	B1-2
392	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	13.00	6.00	0.00	0.00	6.00	5.50	1	258	3.09	Heavily unbalanced to south west, presumably through suppression. May suffer stability issues. Would be suitable for retention only as part of woodland group.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
393	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	E/M	F	13.00	2.50	4.00	1.50	6.00	5.00	1	493	5.92	One sided with predominant imbalance to south-west. Vigour and vitality are fair but variable with deadwood noted.	Cut ivy and clean- out.	M	B2
394	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	16.00	6.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	5.00	<u> </u>	449	5.39	One-sided and unbalanced to west. General vigour and vitality remain good.	Clean-out.	L	B2
395	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	M	F	20.00	2.50	5.00	3.50	3.00	4.50	ı	783	9.40	A tall and columnar specimen where viable crown is limited to higher levels with stem furnished in deadwood. Higher crown appears to exhibit evidence of good vigour and vitality. Concerns exist regarding sustainability of this species at older ages in respect to sustaining storm damage.	Review regarding retention context.	M	B2
396	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	E/M	F	18.00	2.50	2.00	2.50	5.00	3.50	1	433	5.19	A tall and spindly specimen supporting typical imbalance to south. Is notably suppressed and support some deadwood.	Clean-out and review regularly.	M	C2
397	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	M	G/F	22.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.50	<u> </u>	945	11.34	Tall and columnar with viable crown limited to higher levels. General vigour and vitality appear good. Concerns exist regarding sustainability and predisposition towards mechanical damage in later life.	Review regarding retention context.	M	B2
399	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	E/M	F	18.00	2.50	1.50	7.00	4.00	2.00	n	525	6.30	Notably distorted and typically unbalanced to east. Supports elements of decay relating to earlier limb loss and damage. Tree remains vigorous though suitability for retention will be context dependent.	attention and necessary	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
401	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	M	F	18.00	2.00	7.00	10.00	6.00	1.00	1	758	9.09	A large specimen of reasonable vigour but affected by chronic bark wounding, assumed to be fire damage about lower western stem. Wound surface is already subject to superficial and surface decay. Tree offers limited, context -dependent sustainability.	Review regarding retention context. Consider application of structural pruning for interim retention if retained.	M	C2
403	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S	F	7.50	1.50	2.50	1.00	0.00	2.50	1	153	1.83	Drawn up and whip-like but of reasonable vigour. Comprises typical element of woodland under story redevelopment.	Cut ivy.	L	C2
404	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S/M	G/F	12.00	2.00	4.50	4.00	1.50	4.00	_	309	3.71	Young and vigorous though slightly suppressed.		L	B2
405	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	M	F/P	16.00	6.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	1	573	6.88	Tall and drawn up specimen of the visibly reduced vigour and vitality with twiggy decline in deadwood development throughout crown. Tree has undergone prior wounding. Concerns exist regarding sustainability.	Rereview during growing season of 2020 to get better understanding of sustainability.	S	C2
407	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	M	F	22.00	14.00	5.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	-	777	9.32	Tall and columnar with canopy cover limited to higher levels. Concerns exist regarding sustainability and species predisposition towards mechanical failure in later life.	Review regarding retention context.	M	B2
408	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S/M	F	7.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	3.50	2	216	2.60	A suckering group arising from stump of previous tree. Will be predisposed to attack by dutch elm disease and thus is unlikely to prove sustainable.	Review regularly.	S	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
409	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	M	F/P	16.00	1.50	6.00	11.00	1.00	1.00	1	576	6.91	Supports chronic imbalance to east. Has suffered prior storm damage. Deformation is of an extent that raises concerns regarding mechanical stability. Retention will be context dependent.	Review regarding retention context and suitability for retention with structural pruning works.	M	C2
410	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	F	18.00	2.50	10.00	5.00	5.00	8.00		735	8.82	Heavily distorted through position beneath larger cypress canopy. Is heavily divided from 1.75 m. Higher crown has suffered prior damage. Is mechanically poor and of potentially limited sustainability.	Review regarding retention context and suitability for retention with structural pruning works.	M	C2
411	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	M	F/P	19.00	7.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	1	1006	12.07	Large specimen where crown is beginning to spread because of earlier apex loss. Loss appears to be attributable to disease attack with seiridium canker assumed to be because. As such, continuation of crown dieback is expected thus undermining sustainability.	Remove deadwood and review tree regarding retention context and limited sustainability.	S	C1-2
412	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	M	F	17.00	2.00	7.00	6.00	4.50	5.50	1	933	11.19	A large specimen multi-stemmed from low level. Crown supports deadwood and evidence of ongoing damage and failure as well as cavity development about lower bowl region. Suitability for retention will be context dependent.	Review regarding retention context and potential for retention with structural pruning works.	S	C2
413	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F/P	9.00	2.00	2.50	7.00	1.00	0.00	-	194	2.33	Heavily unbalanced through suppression with dubious sustainability.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
414	Sycamore Group (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	13.00	4.00	4.00	6.00	1.00	0.00	1	302	3.63	Two adjoining trees support extensive imbalance is to east raises some concern regarding longer term stability. Would be worthy retention as part of woodland group.	Review regularly.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
415	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	M	P	11.00	2.00	0.00	2.50	7.00	4.50	1	748	98	Comprises a remnant of a once larger tree where only one of for stems remain. Vigour and vitality are minimal with chronic dieback noted within retain stem. Tree is unsuitable for retention.	Remove.	N/A	U
416	Domestic Apple (Malus variety)	M	D	2.50	1.50	0.50	1.00	1.50	1.50	-	220	2.64	Completely dead.	Remove.	N/A	U
417	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S	F	6.00	2.25	1.00	2.00	2.50	2.00	1	185	2.22	Young and vigorous, naturally arising from within defunct shrubbery.	Review regarding retention context.	L	B2
418	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	G/F	8.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	3.00	4.00	1	220	64	Slightly one-sided through suppression but is of good vigour and vitality. Appears to be naturally arising.		L	B2
419	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	E/M	G/F	13.00	2.25	4.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	1	430	5.16	Young and still vigorous. Is encroached upon from north by adjoining leyland cypress group but otherwise remains vigorous. Crown supports limited deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
420	Leyland Cypress (Cuppressocyparis leylandii)	M	F	17.00-20.00	2.50	6.00		7.00		1	605	7.26	A cohesive group of 25 individual stems that create a singular aerodynamic canopy form where one tree is reliant upon its immediate neighbour for shelter and integrity within the broader group. Proximity of stems would suggest planting as a hedge, where a lack of management has led to each plant taking on mature tree dimensions. General vigour and vitality through the group tend to be good however, at least 5 occurrences of seiridium canker has been noted raising concerns regarding pathological dieback caused by a disease noted to be within the group and thus undermining sustainability. The species raises issues regarding management as defined for example by the "high hedges" legislation in the uk. The species cannot be managed in respect of size and will considering current age become progressively more subject to mechanical failure with time. Note should be made that mechanical failure is already noted within the group. For this reason, sustainability and suitability for retention is impaired and will be wholly context dependent. Any decision toward retention should consider limited sustainability and likely retention timescales.		S	C2
421	Lime (<i>Tilia europea</i>)	E/M	D	5.00	3.00	1.00	0.50	2.00	2.00	1	468	5.62	Comprising a stump decapitated at 4.50 m.	Remove.	N/A	U

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
422	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	24.00	3.50	4.50	8.00	7.00	7.00	1	739	8.86	A large and dominating specimen within alignment. Crown supports limited deadwood or storm damage.		L	A1-2
423	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	22.00	10.00	3.50	7.00	2.00	0.00	1	458	5.50	Drawn up and unbalanced to east through suppression. Small size suggests possible infill planting after original alignment installation.		L	B1-2
424	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	22.00	4.00	4.00	6.50	3.00	6.00	1	662	7.95	Maintaining good vigour with minimal deadwood.		L	B1-2
425	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	22.00	8.00	4.00	7.00	4.00	7.00	-	605	7.26	Of good vigour and vitality. Has sustained minor storm damage.		L	A1-2
426	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	F	20.00	3.50	5.00	8.00	3.00	4.00	1	528	6.34	Suggesting potential for decay. Carryout climbing review to ascertain extent of potential decay.		M	C1-2
427	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	4.00	8.00	3.00	4.00	3.50	-	621	7.45	Typically unbalanced to east. Steps supports minor deadwood and storm damage.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
428	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	23.00	4.00	7.50	4.00	8.00	4.00	-	649	7.79	Of good vigour and vitality supporting minimal deadwood and storm damage.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
429	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	10.00	3.00	3.00	6.00	3.00	0.00	2	420	5.04	Naturally arising and suckering element from adjoining ditch bank. Is heavily distorted through position beneath adjoining lines.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
430	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	19.00	3.50	4.50	6.00	2.00	4.50	1	490	5.88	A possible later replacement within original alignment. Is maintaining good vigour but supports some deadwood and storm damage.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
431	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	15.00	3.50	3.00	6.00	4.50	1.00	1	328	3.93	Appears to be replacement within an earlier alignment.	Clean-out review regarding retention context.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
432	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	15.00	2.50	3.00	8.00	3.50	2.00	1	407	4.89	Heavily distorted and unbalanced to east. Has suffered notable storm damage with apparent apex loss as well as limb loss at 3.00 m resulting in superficial decay. Structural pruning may allow for interim retention dependent upon retention context.		M	C2
434	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	16.00	2.50	2.50	4.50	2.50	2.50	1	522	6.26	Squat and slightly suppressed. Tree appears to be of reduced vigour in comparison to near neighbours.	Rereview during summer season of 2020.	M	B2
435	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	16.00	3.00	5.00	5.50	3.50	3.50	1	621	7.45	Supports minor imbalance to east but is otherwise vigorous.	Clean-out.	L	B2
436	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	15.00	2.25	4.00	5.00	3.50	3.00	-	379	4.55	Supports minor imbalance to east.		L	B2
437	Lime (Tilia europea)	S/M	F/P	9.00	2.25	1.50	4.50	4.00	2.50	_	242	2.90	Young and vigorous but affected by chronic decay and cavity development at 2.00 m to south. Review regularly regarding ongoing suitability for retention.		S	C2
438	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	18.00	3.50	5.00	6.50	5.00	2.00		548	6.57	Notably one-sided with typical imbalance to east. General vigour and vitality are good though crown support some deadwood.		L	B2
439	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	15.00	2.00	3.00	6.50	2.50	2.50	<u> </u>	414	4.97	Small specimen, potentially replacement within earlier line. Is heavily suppressed with much of growth extending to east. General vigour and vitality are good.		L	B2
440	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	19.00	5.00	2.00	5.50	2.50	2.50	1	344	4.13	Relatively young, possibly replacement within earlier line. Has developed tall and spindly aspect.	Clean-out.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
441	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	19.00	4.00	1.50	5.50	3.00	3.00	1	407	4.89	Tall and drawn up. Has sustained localised and typically minor prior storm damage. Is heavily divided at 5.00 m.	Clean-out.	M	B2
442	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	20.00	0.00	2.00	6.00	3.00	3.00	1	541	6.49	Suppressed by near neighbours with typical imbalance to east.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
443	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G	22.00	3.00	4.50	7.00	3.50	4.50	1	917	11.00	Large, dominating specimen within localised area. Is of good form and vigour though supports minor deadwood and storm damage.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
444	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	20.00	2.50	4.50	7.00	3.00	3.00	1	583	6.99	Suppressed and unbalanced to east. Supports minor deadwood and storm damage.		L	B1-2
446	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F/P	15.00	3.00	3.00	7.50	3.00	4.50	1	468	5.62	Divided at 3.00 m and heavily distorted with major in balance to east. Is mechanically poor but may, dependent upon retention context offer some degree of sustainability.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
447	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	16.00	3.50	3.00	6.50	2.50	0.00	-	481	5.77	Is heavily unbalanced to east.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
448	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	20.00	2.50	3.00	5.00	5.00	4.50	1	662	7.95	Is typically columnar and generally well balanced. Has sustained prior storm damage and support some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
451	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	20.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	2.50	3.00	1	493	5.92	Tall and columnar raising some concern regarding exposure considering failure/loss of near neighbours. Is heavily divided at 7.00 m.	Review regarding retention context.	L	B1-2
452	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	19.00	2.00	5.00	6.00	3.00	3.00	1	548	6.57	Distorted through suppression but apparently vigorous. Supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
453	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	13.00	2.25	4.50	3.00	2.00	3.00	1	392	4.70	A relatively small, slightly suppressed whip. Vigour and vitality appear to be less than that of near neighbours raising some concern regarding longer term sustainability.		M	C2
454	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	M	F	18.00	7.00	3.00	10.00	7.00	0.00	1	570	6.84	Heavily unbalanced to east raising some concern regarding longer term stability. General vigour and vitality appear reasonable though crown support some deadwood.	Clean-out and review regarding retention context.	L	B2
455	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	M	F/P	15.00	4.50	1.00	9.00	4.00	0.00	1	477	5.73	Chronically suppressed and heavily unbalanced to east, to an extent that question is longer term stability.	Cut ivy and clean- out. Review regarding retention context and potential for retention with structural pruning works.	M	C2
456	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G	21.00	5.00	5.00	3.50	5.00	5.50	1	668	8.02	Badly distorted through suppression by near neighbours but otherwise of good form and vigour. Lower stem supports ivy development. Growth anomaly at 6.00 m suggest potential for early life decapitation. General vigour and vitality are good.	Clean-out review regarding retention context.	L	B1-2
457	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G	20.00	3.00	5.00	5.00	6.50	4.50	1	681	8.17	Badly distorted but of generally good vigour and vitality. Crown exhibits evidence of prior pruning and support some deadwood and storm damage.		L	B1-2
458	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	18.00	3.50	5.50	4.50	6.00	4.50	1	519	6.23	Slightly distorted but otherwise of good vigour and vitality.	Clean-out.	L	B2
459	Lime (Tilia europea)	М	G/F	19.00	5.00	5.00	5300	6.00	3.00	1	528	6.34	Badly distorted through suppression but maintaining good vigour and vitality. Crown supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
460	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F/P	14.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	6.50	3.00	1	465	5.58	Heavily unbalanced to south. Crown supports areas of dieback and deadwood development suggestive of pathological issues and limited sustainability.	Clean-out and review during growing season of 2020 regarding suitability for retention.	M	C2
462	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	17.00	5.00	6.00	3.50	5.50	4.50	1	579	6.95	Distorted growth form through suppression. Vigour and vitality appear fair though crown support some deadwood.	Clean-out review regarding retention context.	L	B2
463	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	M	G/F	17.00	1.50	7.00	10.00	10.00	7.00	1	974	11.69	A broad and spreading specimen of reasonable vigour and vitality. Crown supports some deadwood and evidence of prior storm damage.	Clean-out.	L	B2
466	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	M	P	19.00	4.50	6.00	5.50	5.00	4.50	1	710	8.52	In a state of chronic decline	Remove	N/A	U
467	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	F	4.50	1.75	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	181	2.18	Young and still vigorous though suppressed because of position beneath larger norway maple.	Clean-out.	L	B2
468	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	F	5.50	1.50	2.00	2.00	3.00	2.50	1	216	2.60	Slightly suppressed but maintaining reasonable vigour.		L	B2
469	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	S/M	F	4.00	1.75	1.00	0.50	1.50	1.50	-	140	1.68	Suppressed but of reasonable vigour.		M	B2
470	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	M	F/P	17.00	5.50	7.00	3.50	2.00	5.00	1	691	8.29	Heavy imbalance towards and over adjoining property. Southern crown has been lost and exhibit evidence of bark necrosis. Remaining crown is of variable vigour suggesting potential sustainability issues.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
471	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	G/F	6.00	2.00	2.50	2.00	2.50	2.00	1	293	3.51	Suppressed but maintaining reasonable vigour.		L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
472	Hungarian Oak (Quercus frainetto)	M	F	19.00	8.00	6.50	2.00	2.00	3.00	1	805	9.66	Has developed a tall and narrow crown typically unbalanced to north, towards and across adjoining boundary. Vigour and vitality are fair though deadwood has developed, and crown is exposed.	Review regarding retention context and need for management if retained.	M	B2
473	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	E/M	F	5.00	2.00	1.00	4.50	2.00	1.00	1	156	1.87	Suppressed distorted but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		L	B2
474	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	F/P	17.00	3.00	5.00	2.00	3.00	4.50	1	570	6.84	Is typically unbalanced and north- west. Tree appears to have undergone prior decapitation at circa 6.00 m with wound is now visibly subject to decay raising concerns regarding structural stability of developing crown over public footpath. Tree is of dubious sustainability.	substantial structural	S	C2
475	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	F	3.50	2.00	1.50	1.50	4.00	1.00	-	175	2.10	Suppressed but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		L	B2
476	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	F	5.00	2.00	3.50	3.00	2.50	2.50	<u> </u>	216	2.60	Slightly suppressed but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		L	B2
477	Turkey Oak (Quercus cerris)	M	G/F	16.00	6.00	9.00	5.50	7.00	7.00	1	758	9.09	Large specimen with dispersed and distorted crown. Vigour and vitality are highly variable with substantial deadwood within crown as well as evidence of storm damage. Note is made of visible cavity development at 4.50 m to south. Remaining crown appears to be of reasonable vigour. Retention would require cleaning out and consideration of retention context.	Clean-out and review with regard retention context and possible need for structural pruning works.	M	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
478	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	6.00	2.25	3.00	2.50	1.50	2.50	1	210	2.52	Young and still vigorous though slightly suppressed by position beneath canopy of larger oak.	Review regularly.	L	B2
479	Turkey Oak (Quercus cerris)	M	G/F	21.00	4.00	2.50	5.00	5.00	7.50	1	668	8.02	Large, somewhat one-sided specimen with general imbalance to south. Provides a notable overhang of adjoining public road. Crown is distorted and misshapen through prior suppression, supports deadwood and evidence of localised storm damage.	Clean-out remove deadwood and stumps. Apply structural pruning works to reduce canopy weight and extent in over road positions.	L	B1-2
480	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F/P	4.50	3.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1	134	1.60	Has suffered major damage to stem. Remove and replace.		N/A	U
481	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S/M	G/F	8.50	2.00	1.50	2.50	3.00	3.50	1	229	2.75	Slightly distorted through suppression but is maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.	Review regularly.	L	C2
482	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	E/M	G/F	6.00	1.75	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	178	2.14	Relatively young and still vigorous. Comprises typical eval element of broader woodland under story.		L	B2
483	Lime Stump (Tilia europea)	M	P	6.50	2.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1	764	9.17	Exists as a decapitated stump supporting small number of suckers. Stump is now subject to fungal activity and decay and therefore regrowth is of limited sustainability.	Review regularly regarding any need for total removal.	N/A	U2
484	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	19.00	6.00	3.50	4.00	4.00	4.50	1	487	5.84	Has developed tall and narrow aspect. General vigour and vitality appear good though consideration should be given to recent exposure as provided by loss of near neighbour.	Review regarding retention context.	L	B1-2
485	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	E/M	G/F	19.00	8.00	0.00	4.00	2.50	3.50	1	439	5.27	Supports limited high canopy only. General imbalance is to west. Crown supports some deadwood and declining limbs.	Clean-out review regularly.	L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
486	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	G/F	5.00	2.00	1.50	1.00	2.00	2.00	1	185	2.22	Comprises typical element of woodland under story.		L	B2
487	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	M	F	21.00	8.00	3.00	2.50	1.50	4.50	1	516	6.19	Supports limited high viable crown of reduced density suggesting possible health issues. Crown supports extensive deadwood.	Clean-out and reduce weight to western crown by crown reduction/selective limb removal. Review regularly.	M	C1-2
488	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	20.00	5.00	6.00	4.50	4.00	7.00	1	509	6.11	Tree supports minor imbalance to west and adjoining roadway. Tree appears to have undergone prior pruning/limb loss. Concerns exist about open aspect of crown in roadside position.	Consider application of crown reduction type works.	M	B1-2
489	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	15.00	3.00	2.50	1.50	4.50	5.00	1	442	5.31	Suppression has led to one-sided aspect, unbalanced to west and roadway. Vigour and vitality are reasonable though crown support some deadwood.	Clean-out and prune to reduce weight carriage on western side of crown.	M	B2
490	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	M	G/F	21.00	10.00	3.50	3.00	3.00	5.50	-	519	6.23	A large specimen of apparently good vigour but supporting notable deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
491	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	E/M	F/P	18.00	12.00	4.00	1.50	1.00	5.00	1	341	4.09	A poor-quality specimen heavily suppressed, distorted and unbalanced towards roadway. Current form suggests loss of original crown apex. Crown supports extensive deadwood. Trees current form raises some concern regarding proximity to an overhang of public footpath.	Clean-out and reduce remaining canopy weight for potential short-term retention.	S	C2
492	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G	22.00	3.50	6.00	5.50	7.00	6.00	1	745	8.94	A large specimen of good vigour and vitality. Crown supports limited deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	A1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
493	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	E/M	G/F	20.00	16.00	1.00	2.50	3.00	3.00	1	388	4.66	Tall with limited high canopy cover.	Clean-out and review regarding retention context.	L	B1-2
494	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	G/F	6.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	_	210	2.52	Comprises typical element of woodland under story.		L	B2
495	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	E/M	G/F	19.00	16.00	1.50	5.00	1.50	2.00		385	4.62	Slightly distorted through suppression but apparently maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality. Supports notable deadwood.		L	B2
496	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	E/M	F	5.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	3	229	2.75	Suppressed distorted and multi- stemmed group. Stems are of variable condition with central smaller stem completely dead. Worthy retention as part of woodland under story.	Review regarding retention context.	M	B2
497	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	M	F	20.00	5.00	3.50	1.50	2.50	0.00	1	668	8.02	Heavily divided at 1.75 m raising some concern regarding mechanical integrity. General vigour and vitality appear good though crown support some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
498	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	G/F	5.50	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	-	261	3.13	Young and still vigorous comprising typical element of woodland under story.		L	B2
499	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	5.00	7.00	5.50	6.00	7.00	1	929	11.15	A large specimen heavily divided at 2.00 m with developing compression fork union. General vigour and vitality appear good. Secondary compression fork development is noted on northern stem at 5.0 m. Crown supports some deadwood but appears be otherwise vigorous.	Clean-out and review regarding retention context and potential requirement for structural/weight reduction works to crown.	L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
500	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F/P	9.00	2.50	3.00	2.50	1.50	2.50	1	236	2.83	A young specimen previously decapitated with decay noted at 3.50 m adjoining new sucker redevelopment. Tree is not sustainable beyond short-term.	Consider removal and replacement.	S	C2
1201	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	P	4.50	2.25	3.00	0.00	1.50	3.00	_	197	2.37	Previously decapitated with distorted sucker regeneration. Is unsuitable for retention.	Remove.	N/A	U
1202	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	S/M	F/P	13.00	2.50	3.50	2.00	2.00	5.00	1	360	4.32	Apparent replacement planting is heavily suppressed and distorted. Crown appears to have undergone prior cutting on western side and has suffered storm damage on higher western side.	Review regularly regarding sustainability.	M	C2
1203	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	M	F/P	12.00	2.50	5.00	1.00	2.50	5.00	1	385	4.62	Appears to comprise replacement planting that is now heavily suppressed and unbalanced towards and to west, towards and over roadway. Vigour and vitality appear good though minor deadwood is noted.	Review regularly regarding potential development and mechanical issues and need for structural pruning regarding proximity of road.	M	C2
1204	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	S	F/P	4.50	2.50	2.00	2.00	2.50	3.00	_	197	2.37	Relatively small and suppressed, affected by cavity development at 2.0 m on north-eastern side of stem.	Consider removal and replacement.	S	C2
1205	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	M	F	16.00	3.00	6.00	2.00	4.00	7.00	1	621	7.45	Appears to comprise replacement planting having suffered widespread suppression and crown deflection to west, towards and over roadside boundary. Crown supports some deadwood. General vigour and vitality remain good. Application of structural pruning works in crown reduction type works may allow for retention.	Review regarding retention context.	L	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1206	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	12.00	2.50	4.00	2.00	4.00	4.50	1	554	6.65	One-sided through suppression with imbalance to west and over roadside boundary. Vigour and vitality are less than that expected tree of this age raising some concern regarding potential pathological issues. Trees proximity to retaining roadside boundary wall raises concern regarding growth related exertion pressure and wall damage over time.	Clean-out and review regarding retention context and sustainability over time.	M	C1-2
1209	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	M	G/F	22.00	17.00	2.00	3.00	3.50	2.00	1	541	6.49	Tall and columnar specimen with viable crown limited to higher levels only. General vigour and vitality appear good though stem support some deadwood.	Clean-out review regarding retention context.	L	B1-2
1210	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	9.00	1.00	4.00	2.50	0.00	2.00	2	379	4.55	Naturally arising and part of broader thicket. Is wholly one-sided and unbalanced to north.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
1211	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S/M	F	7.50	2.00	4.00	2.50	0.00	1.50	_	185	2.22	Heavily suppressed and unbalanced to north because of position beneath adjoining cypress line. Remains vigorous.	Review regarding retention context.	L	C2
1212	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	M	F/P	4.50	0.00	5.00	3.50	1.00	5.00	1	388	4.66	A large shrubby mass comprising what is typically regarded as a weed species. Is considered unsuitable for retention within developed context.	Remove.	N/A	U
1213	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	7.00	1.25	3.50	3.00	1.00	3.00	1	204	2.44	Young and vigorous, naturally arising. Is heavily unbalanced to north because of position adjoining larger trees.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
1214	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	5.00	1.50	2.00	2.50	2.00	1.00	1	169	2.02	Comprises part of a recent planting, slightly suppressed by proximity of adjoining lime avenue.		M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
	Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	M	F/P	7.00	0.00	4.00	5.00	3.00	0.00	1	366	4.39	Naturally arising thicket like plant that appears to have suffered minor failure and collapse to east.	Remove.	N/A	U
1216	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	G/F	5.50	0.50	2.50	3.00	2.00	1.50	1	229	2.75	Unbalanced through suppression and proximity to adjoining lime trees. Is otherwise of good vigour and vitality.	Cut ivy.	M	C2
1217	Turkey Oak (Quercus cerris)	S	F	6.00	0.00	2.00	2.50	2.00	0.00	1	185	2.22	Suppressed by adjoining lime line and unbalanced to east.		M	B2
1218	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	6.00	0.00	1.50	3.50	2.50	1.50	-	204	2.44	Suppressed by adjoining lime line and typically unbalanced to east.		M	C2
1219	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	6.00	0.50	2.00	3.50	2.50	1.00	-	201	2.41	Suppressed by adjoining lime line and typically unbalanced to east.		М	C2
1220	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	6.00	0.50	1.00	3.50	3.50	0.00	-	226	2.71	Suppressed and unbalanced as result of its position beneath canopy of larger adjoining and dominating line.		M	C2
1221	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	6.00	0.00	1.00	4.00	2.50	1.00	-	239	2.86	Suppressed and unbalanced as result of its position beneath canopy of larger adjoining and dominating line.		M	C2
1222	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	6.00	0.50	3.00	4.00	2.00	1.00	_	229	2.75	Suppressed and unbalanced as result of its position beneath canopy of larger adjoining and dominating line.		M	C2
1223	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	G/F	6.00	0.50	2.00	1.50	1.00	1.00	1	143	1.72	Suppressed and drawn up but of good vigour and vitality		М	C2
1224	Walnut (Juglans regia)	S	F/P	5.50	0.50	1.00	2.50	2.00	1.00	2	197	2.37	Heavily divided from near ground level and unbalanced through suppression.		M	C2
1225	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	G/F	8.00	1.25	1.00	2.50	4.00	2.50	1	274	3.29	Likely to be naturally arising with in broader plantation. Remains vigorous but is distorted through suppression.		L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1226	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F/P	13.00	2.50	0.00	2.00	5.50	4.00	1	407	4.89	Located beneath alignment of larger lines, is heavily suppressed and chronically unbalanced to south. Much of crown is obscured by dense ivy cover. Tree is of questionable suitability for retention.		S	C2
1227	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F/P	5.50	1.00	0.00	2.00	4.50	2.00	ω	261	3.13	Has suffered chronic suppression and has developed notable imbalance to south. Is of dubious retention merit.		S	C2
1228	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	9.00	1.50	0.00	2.50	4.00	2.00	1	248	2.98	Young and vigorous but heavily suppressed and arising from within broader group of planted maples.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
1229	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	5.00	3.00	1.00	2.50	3.50	2.00	-	185	2.22	Suppressed and heavily unbalanced to south because of proximity to adjoining lines.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
1230	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	5.50	2.00	1.50	2.50	3.00	2.50	1	236	2.83	Compromised by heavy fork from 0.50 m, is suppressed and unbalanced to south as a proximity to adjoining lines.	Review regarding retention context.	M	C2
1231	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	5.50	0.50	1.00	1.50	2.50	2.50	<u> </u>	175	2.10	Suppressed and unbalanced to southwest because of position beneath larger lines.		M	C2
1232	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	4.50	0.00	0.00	2.00	3.00	1.50	<u> </u>	178	2.14	Suppressed distorted and heavily divided from low level. Is of dubious sustainability.		S	C2
1233	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	5.00	2.00	0.00	0.50	3.00	1.50	-	153	1.83	Suppressed and distorted. Is of dubious sustainability.		S	C2
1234	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	4.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	1.50	-	127	1.53	Heavily suppressed and distorted. Is of dubious retention merit.		S	C2
1235	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	5.00	0.50	4.00	1.00	3.00	1.50	-	153	1.83	Heavily suppressed and distorted. Is of dubious retention merit.		S	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1236	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	5.00	0.50	0.00	0.50	4.00	2.00	1	153	1.83	Heavily suppressed and distorted. Is of dubious retention merit.		M	C2
1237	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	5.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	1.50	-	115	1.38	Heavily suppressed and distorted. Is of dubious retention merit.		M	C2
1238	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S	F	5.00	1.00	0.00	2.00	3.50	1.50	1	207	2.48	Heavily suppressed and distorted. Is of dubious retention merit.		M	C2
1301	Weymouth Pine (Pinus strobus)	M	G/F	18.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	4.50	1	548	6.57	Of variable vigour and supports large limb loss wound at eastern base that will be subject to deterioration.	Cleanout review regularly.	M	C2
1302	Giant Redwood (Seqoiadendron giganteum)	M	F	19.00	5.00	3.00	3.00	2.50	2.50	1	719	8.63	Vigorous but supporting extensive deadwood particularly at lower levels.	Cleanout.	L	B1-2
1303	Weymouth Pine (Pinus strobus)	M	G/F	19.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	3.50	3.50	1	535	6.42	Suppressed and supporting extensive deadwood particularly at lower levels.	Cleanout review regularly.	L	B1-2
1304	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	M	G/F	18.00	7.00	4.50	3.50	3.00	4.50	1	516	6.19	Badly suppressed by proximity of near neighbours but maintaining good vigour and vitality. Lower crown supports notable deadwood.		L	B2
1305	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	9.00	2.00	4.00	3.50	3.50	2.00	1	216	2.60	Naturally arising and still vigorous.		L	B2
1306	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	10.00	2.00	1.50	1.50	2.50	2.00	1	197	2.37	Tall and drawn up. Supports lower crown deadwood.		L	C2
1307	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	8.00	1.50	3.00	2.50	1.00	1.00	1	175	2.10	Heavily suppressed with.		L	B2
1308	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	12.00	8.00	3.00	2.50	2.50	3.00	1	290	3.48	A tall, drawn up specimen potentially compromised by sharp fork at 6.00 m.	Review regularly.	L	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1309	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F/P	10.00	2.00	3.00	1.50	2.00	4.00		347	4.16	Heavily distorted specimen exhibiting evidence of decline and prior damage.		S	C2
1310	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	14.00	4.00	3.50	3.00	4.50	2.50	1	350	4.20	Slightly suppressed but maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
1311	Purple Plum (Prunus cerasifera)	S/M	F	14.00	1.25	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	-	89	1.07	Suppressed and distorted.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1312	Red Horse Chestnut (Aesculus x carnea)	E/M	F	9.00	1.50	3.50	1.50	2.50	3.50	н	366	4.39	Distorted and broadly affected by canker damage.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1313	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	19.00	1.50	8.00	7.00	9.00	7.00	1	853	10.24	A large dominating specimen of good vigour and vitality. Review regularly.		L	B2
1314	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	18.00	2.00	6.00	6.50	7.00	6.50	1	783	9.40	A large, vigorous specimen.		L	B2
	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	S/M	F	4.50	1.25	1.50	1.00	0.50	1.00	-	143	1.72	Young and still vigorous though suppressed respite larger neighbour.		L	B2
1316	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	F	4.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.50	1	162	1.95	Young and vigorous though suppressed by larger neighbours		L	B2
1317	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	E/M	F	3.50	1.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	-	185	2.22	Still vigorous but compromised by wound at 1.75 m on principal stem.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1318	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	18.00	1.50	7.50	6.00	7.00	7.00	-	812	9.74	A large specimen greatly overhanging boundary and adjoining footpath. Vigour and vitality is good.		L	B2
1319	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	F	13.00	2.50	2.00	1.50	3.00	4.50	1	376	4.51	Suppressed, drawn up but has developed imbalance to south-west because of position adjoining neighbouring chestnut.	Review regularly.	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1320	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	14.00	3.00	3.50	3.00	5.00	4.00	1	465	5.58	Young and vigorous. Arises from position directly adjoining wall top. Growth asserts immense potential for damage/distortion to wall structure.		M	B2
1321	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	F	4.50	2.00	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1	175	2.10	Part of alignment. Suppressed distorted but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		L	B2
1322	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	F	4.50	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.50	1	178	2.14	Part of alignment. Suppressed distorted but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		L	B2
1323	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	S/M	F	5.00	0.00	1.00	3.50	3.00	2.50	2	334	4.01	Still vigorous but heavily distorted through suppression.		L	C2
1324	Bay Laurel (Laurus noblis)	M	F	5.00	0.00	1.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	6	398	4.77	A large multi-stemmed shrub.		L	B2
1325	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	M	F/P	18.00	5.50	0.00	1.50	6.00	5.00	1	420	5.04	Wholly one-sided with major growth distortion at circa 6.00 m. Vigour and vitality is less than that expected retrieve this age. Mechanical form predisposes it to elevated risks of failure.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1326	Bay Laurel (Laurus noblis)	M	F	4.50	2.00	2.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	226	2.71	Severely cut back in past.		M	C2
1327	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	M	G/F	17.00	6.00	3.00	8.00	7.50	6.00	1	780	9.36	Heavily distorted with extensive growth imbalance to south, across driveway. General vigour and vitality appear good though crown supports substantial deadwood.	Cleanout remove large deadwood. Consider brittle nature in over driveway position.	L	B2
1328	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	G/F	7.00	0.00	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	1	385	4.62	A larger element of associated shrubbery.		L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1329	Atlas Cedar (Cedrus atlantica)	E/M	F/P	14.00	3.00	6.00	0.00	5.00	8.00	1	525	6.30	Heavily unbalanced to west. Has undergone prior limb loss. Is mechanically poor and ill-suited to retention in over driveway position because brittle nature.	Review regularly.	S	C2
1330	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	19.00	2.00	7.00	4.00	7.00	7.00		993	11.92	A large and vigorous specimen. Has undergone prior limb removal wound from which are now subject to decay and cavity development.	Review regularly. Consideration should be given to periodic application of crown reduction works.	L	B1-2
1331	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	19.00	2.00	6.00	4.50	6.00	4.00	1	984	11.80	A large and vigorous but potentially brittle specimen.	Review regularly. Consideration should be given to periodic application of crown reduction works.	L	B1-2
1332	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	F/P	18.00	2.50	6.00	3.00	5.50	3.00	1	688	8.25	Still vigorous but affected by chronic lower stem wounding that is now subject to decay.	Review regularly. Consideration should be given to periodic application of crown reduction works.	S	C1-2
1333	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	18.00	2.00	6.00	7.50	7.00	5.00	1	1003	12.03	A large and vigorous but potentially brittle specimen.	Review regularly. Consideration should be given to periodic application of crown reduction works.	L	B1-2
1334	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	17.00	1.50	5.50	6.00	5.00	5.00	<u> </u>	719	8.63	Still vigorous but potentially compromised by deterioration of prior limb loss wounds.	Review regularly. Consideration should be given to periodic application of crown reduction works.	L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1335	Giant Redwood (Seqoiadendron giganteum)	M	G/F	21.00	7.00	3.00	2.50	3.00	3.00	1	703	8.44	Apparently vigorous, supporting minimal deadwood.		L	B1-2
1336	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	E/M	G/F	9.00	2.25	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	<u> </u>	226	2.71	Tall and columnar.	Review regularly.	L	B2
1337	Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	E/M	G/F	8.00	2.00	3.00	2.50	1.50	1.50	1	216	2.60	Slightly unbalanced but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		L	B2
1338	Bay Laurel (Laurus noblis)	M	G/F	8.00	2.50	4.00	3.50	3.00	3.00	3	433	5.19	A large specimen exhibiting evidence of decline about crown apex.	Review regularly in consider application Crown reduction works to rejuvenate Crown.	M	C2
1339	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	M	F/P	20.00	2.00	5.50	6.50	6.50	5.50	1	910	10.92	A large specimen, triple stemmed from low level. Crown supports extensive deadwood as well as evidence of localised storm damage. Multi-stem stature and type forks predispose tree to elevated rates of mechanical failure.	Review on regular basis	M	C1-2
1340	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	E/M	F/P	13.00	2.50	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	290	3.48	Heavily suppressed with viable crown limited to higher levels only.	Consider removal of lower Crown deadwood.	M	C2
1341	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	F	15.00	2.00	5.50	5.00	5.00	4.50	1	548	6.57	A grafted specimen having developed a broad and spreading crown. Higher crown supports extensive deadwood suggestive of pathological issues.	Cleanout to remove deadwood and review on annual basis.	M	C2
1342	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	21.00	2.00	5.00	4.00	4.50	5.00		541	6.49	A large specimen of good vigour and vitality. Prior limb removal has left large wounds on principal stem.	Review regularly.	L	B1-2
1343	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	E/M	F	15.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1.50	1.00	n	334	4.01	Heavily suppressed with canopy limited to higher levels only. Consider removing lower crown deadwood.		M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1344	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	E/M	F	18.00	3.00	2.00	2.50	4.00	2.50	1	385	4.62	Suppressed and drawn up with viable crown limited to higher levels only. Lower stem supports extensive deadwood.	Consider cleaning out of large deadwood only.	L	B2
1345	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	M	F	21.00	2.00	7.00	6.50	1.00	1.00	1	525	6.30	Heavily unbalanced and north east because of suppression. Mechanical form raises some concern regarding likely predisposition towards mechanical failure.	Review regularly.	M	C1-2
1346	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	G/F	18.00	3.00	4.50	6.00	6.00	5.00	1	688	8.25	A strong and vigorous specimen.		L	B2
1347	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F/P	16.00	2.50	3.50	5.00	4.50	4.00	1	433	5.19	Principal stem is compromised by areas of decay and cavity development.	Apply Crown reduction works for limited retention.	S	C2
1348	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	18.00	2.50	2.50	5.00	5.50	4.00	1	688	8.25	Suppressed and misshapen but maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
1349	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	M	G/F	20.00	3.00	8.00	7.00	5.50	6.00	1	920	11.04	A large specimen supporting minor imbalance to north. General vigour and vitality appear good.		L	B1-2
1350	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	E/M	G/F	16.00	4.00	5.00	4.50	2.50	2.50	1	452	5.42	Elongated crown form makes tree susceptible to storm damage particularly if it becomes exposed over time.	Review regarding retention scenario and remove large deadwood.	S	C2
	Monkey Puzzle Araucaria araucana)	E/M	F/P	16.00	10.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	382	4.58	Low quality specimen retaining limited apical crown only.	Review regularly regarding ongoing suitability for retention.	S	C2
1352	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	M	F	17.00	2.50	4.50	4.00	3.00	4.00	1	592	7.10	Suppressed and drawn up. Specimen would not suit isolation.	Review regularly.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1353	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	M	G/F	20.00	3.00	4.50	5.50	5.00	5.00	1	783	9.40	Large specimen supporting extensive deadwood as well as evidence of localised damage and failure. Consider removing large deadwood only.		L	B1-2
1354	Wych Elm (Ulmus glabra)	S	F	6.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	175	2.10	Young and vigorous but will be susceptible to dutch elm disease.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1355	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F/P	14.00	2.25	4.50	3.00	3.50	3.50	1	465	5.58	Affected by decline and extensive cavity development.	Remove within short-term.	S	C2
1356	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	E/M	G/F	20.00	8.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	<u> </u>	433	5.19	Tall and slender. Supports deadwood about lower crown.		L	B2
1357	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	S/M	G/F	4.00	2.00	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	-	70	0.84	Suppressed but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		L	B2
1358	Red Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	E/M	F	12.00	2.00	4.50	3.00	5.00	5.00	n	376	4.51	Young and vigorous though distorted through suppression.		L	B2
1359	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	19.00	2.00	7.00	7.00	6.50	6.50	_	783		A broad and spreading specimen of generally good vigour and vitality. Crown supports some deadwood.	Cleanout.	L	A2
1360	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	S/M	P	8.00	2.00	2.00	4.50	1.00	0.00	1	204	2.44	Has suffered chronic suppression and distortion. Minimal viable canopy remains.	Review annually regarding ongoing suitability for retention.	S	C2
1361	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	E/M	F	5.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	_	153	1.83	Young and vigorous but potentially compromised by stem wound.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1362	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	M	G/F	20.00	8.00	7.50	9.00	7.00	8.50		879	10.54	Large specimen of reasonable vigour and vitality. Crown supports species typical deadwood and minor elements of localised damage.	Review regularly.	L	A1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1363	Rowan (Sorbus aucuparia)	S/M	F	5.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.00	1.50	-	175	2.10	Appears to be of slightly reduced vigour.	Review annually.	M	B2
1364	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus var)	S/M	F	4.50	1.75	1.50	2.50	2.50	2.00	1	197	2.37	Apparently vigorous notwithstanding harsh prior pruning.	Review regularly.	М	C2
1365	Purple Plum (Prunus cerasifera)	M	F	5.00	1.50	1.50	2.00	2.50	2.00	1	185	2.22	Young and vigorous though slightly suppressed by proximity of near neighbours.	Review regularly.	L	B2
1366	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	M	F	15.00	1.50	3.00	2.50	2.00	1.50	3	592	7.10	Distorted and drawn up. Form of tree may predispose it to high risk of failure during storm conditions.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1367	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	E/M	G/F	16.00	2.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1	290	3.48	Suppressed by proximity of near neighbours but is maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
1368	Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	M	G/F	4.50	1.50	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	197	2.37	Young and vigorous.		L	B2
1369	Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	S/M	F	4.00	1.75	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.50	1	143	1.72	Badly suppressed but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		M	C2
1370	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	D	5.00	2.00	1.50	4.50	4.50	1.50	-	197	2.37	Completely dead.	Remove.	N/A	U
1371	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	E/M	F	10.00	8.00	2.00	1.50	4.00	4.00	-	306	3.67	Heavily distorted with limited elevated crown only.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1372	Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	M	G	18.00	12.00	4.50	5.00	3.50	5.00	-	548	6.57	A large dominating specimen. Supports notable deadwood.	Cleanout.	L	B2
1373	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	S/M	F/P	8.00	3.50	3.50	1.00	0.00	1.00	1	226	2.71	Suppressed distorted and unbalanced.	Review regularly.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1374	Bay Laurel (Laurus noblis)	E/M	G	5.00	1.75	3.00	1.50	1.00	1.50		153	1.83	Badly unbalanced through suppression but is maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
1375	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	M	F	19.00	2.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	3.00	_	780	9.36	Large dominating specimen. Crown supports deadwood and evidence of localised storm damage.	Review regularly.	L	B2
1376	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	M	F	8.00	3.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	_	220	2.64	Heavily suppressed and retaining minimal viable crown.	Review regularly.	S	C2
1377	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	E/M	F	12.00	2.00	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	_	551	6.61	Heavily suppressed and notably distorted. Viable crown is limited to higher levels and to east.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1378	Giant Redwood (Seqoiadendron giganteum)	E/M	F	18.00	4.00	3.00	2.50	2.50	4.00	-	751	9.01	A relatively young specimen. Crown supports notable deadwood.	Cleanout review regularly.	L	B2
1379 - 1380	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	7.00-8.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1	557	6.68	Comprises a double lined avenue like configurations. Avenue has undergone substantial cutting back over time with avenue configuration effectively comprising substantial stumps supporting limited branch and sucker regeneration. Individual quality of trees is impaired as result of historic pruning that has resulted in cavity development and decay however, the small stature is such as to present limited threat and with management, trees would offer substantial sustainability.	basis, maintain small and compact Crown sizes.	L	C2
	Domestic Pear (Pyrus communis)	E/M	F	2.00	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1	121	1.45	Young specimen planted in especially a fashion. Has been harshly decapitated with new crown comprising sucker regeneration.		L	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
	Domestic Pear (Pyrus communis)	E/M	F	2.50	0.50	2.00	1.50	1.50	0.00	1	127	1.53	1382, ditto with above height 2.50 m crown spread north 2.0 m east 1.50 m west 1.50 m west 0.0 m. Same comments.		L	C2
1383	Domestic Plum (Prunus Sp.)	E/M	F/P	5.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1.50	1	293	3.51	Planted in espalier a fashion. Southern crown has suffered prior mechanical damage and exhibit evidence of phellinus attack.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1384	Domestic Plum (Prunus Sp.)	E/M	F	4.00	1.25	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1	134		Appears to be in a state of decline with much of higher southern crown in a state of dieback.	Review annually regarding ongoing suitability for retention.	S	C2
1385	Domestic Plum (Prunus Sp.)	E/M	F	4.00	1.00	3.00	4.00	1.50	1.50	<u> </u>	229	2.75	Heavily suppressed and distorted because of position beneath dominating cypress alignment.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1386	Leyland Cypress (Cuppressocyparis leylandii)	E/M	F	12.00	0.00	6.00	Contiguous	3.00	Contiguous	1	334	4.01	An alignment of trees presumed have been installed for screening and shelter purposes. Whilst possibly installed with the intention maintaining a hedge, individual trees are now outgrown and taken on tree proportions. Trees have been decapitated in past and retaining minimal foliage to the south because of regular cutting and denuding of foliage cover. Concerns exist regarding sustainability over time in line with broadly understood management issues applicable to this species.	Review on annual basis regarding ongoing suitability for retention.	M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1387	Variegated Poplar (Populus sp.)	S/M	F	11.00	1.25	2.50	2.00	2.00	2.50	2	462	5.54	Young and vigorous. Has the potential to attain large sizes in short space of time however, species tends to be susceptible to disease attack and is commonly short lived.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1388	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	13.00	2.50	4.50	3.50	4.00	4.00	1	401	4.81	Young and vigorous specimen arising from position close to wall structure. Some concern arises because of proximity to wall structure and trees potential for growth over time.	Review regularly.	M	B2
1389	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	F	4.50	0.50	2.50	1.00	2.00	2.00	1	166	1.99	Young and vigorous but arising from position directly adjoining wall footing raising concerns regarding potential mechanical damage over time.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1390	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	F	4.50	0.50	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00		159	1.91	Young and vigorous but arising from position directly adjoining wall footing raising concerns regarding potential mechanical damage over time.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1391	Domestic Apple (Malus variety)	S/M	F	3.00	0.50	1.50	1.00	4.50	1.00	1	83	0.99	Suppressed distorted and typically unbalanced to east possibly signifying early life uprooting.	Review regularly.	М	C2
1392	Domestic Apple (Malus variety)	S/M	F	3.00	0.50	0.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1	89	1.07	Suppressed distorted and typically unbalanced to east possibly signifying early life uprooting.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1393	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	E/M	F	5.00	1.50	2.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	6	328	3.93	Large multi-stemmed shrubby mass arising from position adjoining wall footing. Has suffered prior stem loss with original stem now truncated at 0.50 m.	Review regularly.	S	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1394	Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	S/M	F	5.00	2.00	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.50	1	121	1.45	Heavily suppressed but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		M	B2
1395	Ornamental Cherry (Prunus variety)	E/M	F	5.50	0.00	1.50	2.00	4.50	4.00	1	366	4.39	Arises from position close to wall structure raising some concern with regard to growth related potential for damage over time.	Review regularly.	M	B2
1396	Domestic Apple (Malus variety)	E/M	F	4.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	3.50	2.50	1	204	2.44	Heavily suppressed and typically unbalanced to south. Vigour and vitality is variable with notable infestation of woolly atheists.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1397	Griselinia (Griselinia littoralis)	M	G/F	7.00	0.00	4.00	3.00	5.00	4.50	2	548	6.57	A particularly large specimen of the species. Arises in a position close to wall structure raising some concern regarding potential for growth related damage over time.	Review regularly.	M	B2
1398	Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	M	G/F	20.00	5.00	4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	1	688	8.25	Broadly vigorous though crown supports notable deadwood and evidence of localised storm damage.	Cleanout review regularly.	L	B1-2
1399	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	M	G/F	14.00	1.75	2.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	1	493	5.92	Apparently vigorous though proximity to wall raises some concern regarding ongoing growth potential damage to wall structure.		L	B2
1400	Weymouth Pine (Pinus strobus)	M	G/F	20.00	5.00	3.50	4.50	5.00	4.50	1	688	8.25	Large specimen supporting notable stem imbalance to south. Crown is heavily multi stemmed for ways. Vigour and vitality is fair but below that expected retrieve this age. Proximity to wall raises concern with regard to growth related damage to wall.	Review annually.	L	B2
	Lawson Cypress (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	E/M	F	12.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00		420	5.10	Of reasonable vigour	Review regularly	L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
	Lime (Tilia europea)	M	G/F	19.00	2.00	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	1	843	10.10	Of apparently good vigour and vitality.	Review regularly	L	B2
1594	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	M	P	5.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	<u> </u>	175	2.10	In state of ongoing decline deterioration with foliage loss throughout canopy.	Consider early removal.	N/A	U
1595	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	E/M	G/F	12.00	0.50	4.50	3.00	1.50	3.00	-	430	5.16	Notably suppressed but maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
1596	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	E/M	F	9.00	2.00	1.00	3.50	1.00	1.50	1	274	3.29	Heavily suppressed and distorted. Viable canopy is limited to higher levels only.	Review regularly.	M	C2
1597	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	M	G/F	11.00	0.00	3.00	3.50	2.00	4.00	-	503		Heavily suppressed but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.	Review regularly.	L	B2
1598	Common Yew (Taxus baccata)	E/M	F	9.00	2.00	1.50	3.50	3.00	0.00	-	306	3.67	Heavily suppressed and wholly one-sided. Review regularly.		L	C2
1599	Weymouth Pine (Pinus strobus)	M	G/F	18.00	5.00	2.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	1	471	5.65	Slightly distorted and appears to be of reduced vigour suggesting potential pathological issues.	Review on annual basis.	M	B2
1600	Cryptomeria (Cryptomeria japonica)	E/M	F/P	10.00	2.25	2.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	2	398	4.77	Slightly suppressed and of notably reduced vigour suggesting pathological issues.	Review on annual basis.	S	C2
1601	Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	M	F	4.00	1.00	1.50	1.50	2.00	4.50	_	172	2.06	Substantially cut in past but remains vigorous.		L	В
1602	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S/M	G/F	9.00	2.50	3.00	2.50	4.00	4.00	1	337	4.05	Young and vigorous with immense potential for continued growth over time and thus justifying potentially justifying structure adjoining wall. Has undergone substantial pruning on northern side of crown.		L	В

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1603	Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)	S/M	F	7.50	2.50	2.50	1.00	1.00	2.50	-	216	2.60	Suppressed through proximity to near neighbours but is maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.	Clean-out.	L	В
1604	Ornamental Apple (Malus variety)	S/M	F	5.00	1.50	1.50	1.00	0.00	0.50	1	191	2.29	Heavily cut in past, is suppressed and unbalanced to north.		S	С
1605	Purple Plum (Prunus cerasifera)	M	F/P	7.50	2.25	2.25	2.50	1.00	1.00	1	226	2.71	Heavily cut in past but re-suckering freely. Is notably unbalanced and exposed.	Review regularly regarding sustainability.	S	С
1606	Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	M	G/F	5.00	0.00	2.00	1.00	0.50	1.50		185	2.22	Unbalanced to north but maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality.		M	С
1607	Laburnum (Laburnum anagyroides)	M	F	5.50	1.50	2.25	1.50	2.00	2.50	1	325		Distorted and affected by prior pruning, some of which has resulted in localised decay. Is regarded as a short-lived species that can prove brittle.	Review regularly regarding retention context.	M	В
A	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	F	15.00	3.00	3.50	5.50	5.00	4.00	1	780	9.36	Individual tree existing within derelict access laneway. Proximity to boundary wall is resulting in growth related distortion and damage. General vigour and vitality remain good.	Review regarding likely damage to boundary wall.	L	В

Drumcondra Road

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
49	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	3.00	7.00	6.00	4.00	7.00	1	853	10.24	Supports minor imbalance to north west but appears to be of good vigour and vitality. Supports some lower crown deadwood.		L	B1-2
50	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.00	6.00	4.00	7.00	8.50	1	888	10.66	Is one-sided and typically unbalanced to west. Middle lower crown supports substantial broken debris above cycleway with eastern crown supporting large deadwood.		M	B1-2
51	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	5.00	6.50	5.00	4.00	7.00	1	818	9.82	Slightly one-sided and typically unbalanced to north-west. Crown support some large deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
52	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	М	G/F	18.00	3.50	4.50	5.00	4.50	6.00	-	598	7.18	Suppressed and misshapen. Prior limb loss has resulted in localised decay. General vigour is still good.		L	B1-2
53	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	5.00	3.50	4.00	3.00	5.00	1	665	7.98	Badly suppressed and having developed fanlike crown profile. Prior pruning and limb loss have sometimes resulted in areas of known decay such as wound at 2.20 m to east stop higher crown is of variable vigour with some twiggy deadwood.		M	B1-2
54	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	4.50	5.00	4.50	2.50	7.00	1	656	7.87	Distorted with growth imbalance to west. Crown support some large deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
55	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	4.00	4.50	3.00	4.50	6.50	1	697	8.37	Supports growth imbalance to west. General vigour and vitality appear fair though crown supports small amount of deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
56	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.50	4.00	4.00	3.50	6.00	-	538	6.46	Of variable crown vigour, exhibiting evidence of late leaf flush. Crown supports large deadwood.	Clean-out review regularly.	M	B1-2
57	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	3.50	5.00	4.00	2.50	7.00	<u> </u>	694	8.33	Supports growth imbalance to west. Crown vigour is variable with some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
58	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.00	4.50	4.50	3.50	6.00	_	688	8.25	Tree supports growth imbalance to west. General vigour is variable with some large deadwood noted.	Clean-out.	M	C1-2
59	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	F	17.00	2.50	5.00	5.50	2.00	6.00	1	528	6.34	Badly suppressed having developed fanlike crown profile, exaggerated east to west. General vigour and vitality appear fair though crown support some deadwood.		L	B1-2
60	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	3.00	5.00	4.00	3.50	6.00	1	723	8.67	Tree supports growth imbalance to west. Vigour and vitality are variable with some large deadwood. Prior pruning wounds exhibit evidence of notable deterioration.	Clean-out review regularly.	M	C1-2
61	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	2.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	6.00	1	710	8.52	Is of variable crown vigour with evidence of decline and deadwood development. Prior pruning has resulted in damage including localise decay.	Clean-out and review regarding retention context.	M	C1-2
62	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F	16.00	2.50	4.50	5.50	2.00	6.00	_	688	8.25	Gross distorted in east-west manner. Prior pruning has resulted in localised decay at pruning wound surfaces.	Review regularly.	M	C1-2
63	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	16.00	3.00	3.00	4.50	2.50	6.00	1	522	6.26	Suppression is resulting growth distortion accentuated in east-west manner. Prior pruning has resulted in decay at pruning works. Vigour and vitality are fair.	Review regularly.	M	C1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
64	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.00	5.50	3.00	3.00	6.50	1	640	7.68	Tree developed notable growth imbalance to north-west. General vigour and vitality appear good. Prior pruning has resulted in deterioration of pruning wounds.	Review regularly.	M	B1-2
65	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	16.00	3.50	4.50	3.50	1.50	6.00	1	493	5.92	Notably suppressed with extensive growth imbalance to west. Prior pruning has resulted in localised cavity development of an extent that may undermine structural integrity and predispose tree to damage.	Review annually. Consider crown reduction works.	S	C1-2
66	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	2.50	5.00	2.00	2.50	6.00	1	624	7.49	Tree supports extensive growth imbalance to west. Structural limbs are affected by pruning related localised cavities. Vigour and vitality are fair.	Review regularly.	M	C1-2
67	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F	17.00	3.00	4.00	3.50	4.00	5.50	1	592	7.10	Vigour and vitality are variable. Primary stem is affected by cavity development at 2.50 m.	Clean-out. Review regularly.	M	C1-2
68	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	3.00	6.00	1	570	6.84	Vigour and vitality are variable. Primary stem is affected by prior wounding and extensive cavity development.	Review regularly in consider crown reduction works.	M	C1-2
69	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	М	F	18.00	3.50	5.00	4.50	4.00	6.50	1	694	8.33	Supports notable growth imbalance to west. Prior pruning and limb loss have resulted in localised decay vigour and vitality is fair but variable.	Review regularly.	M	C1-2
70	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	F	15.00	4.00	2.50	0.00	2.00	6.00	1	477	5.73	Heavily distorted and unbalanced to west. Vigour and vitality are impaired suggesting likely pathological issues.		M	C1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
71	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.50	5.00	4.00	4.00	6.00	1	573	6.88	Tree supports growth imbalance to west. Vigour and vitality appear fair. Prior pruning has resulted in deterioration of wound surfaces. Higher eastern crown has suffered notable storm damage with debris caught hi above public footpath.	Clean-out.	S	C1-2
72	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F	18.00	4.00	5.00	3.00	2.00	7.00	1	500	6.00	Extensively unbalanced to west. Vigour and vitality appear fair but variable.	Consider structural pruning works to address imbalance.	M	C1-2
73	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.00	5.00	0.00	4.50	7.50	1	583	6.99	Heavily one-sided with notable imbalance to west. Vigour and vitality are variable with some deadwood noted within crown.	Clean-out consider pruning works.	L	B1-2
74	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F	18.00	5.50	1.50	2.50	4.00	5.00	1	551	6.61	Notably distorted after extensive prior pruning. Note is made of wound cluster above 2.00 m that will be subject to ongoing decay.	Review regularly.	S	C1-2
75	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	4.00	4.50	3.00	4.50	6.00	1	691	8.29	Supports growth imbalance to west. Vigour and vitality are fair but variable with some large deadwood within crown	Clean-out.	M	C1-2
76	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	F	16.00	3.00	2.00	3.00	3.50	6.00	1	465	5.58	Tree supports growth imbalance to west. Crown supports some deadwood and extensive prior pruning and limb loss, some words from which are now subject to extent of deterioration	Clean-out and consider structural pruning.	M	C1-2
77	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	4.00	4.50	5.00	2.00	6.00	1	541	6.49	Has developed fanlike crown profile, perpendicular to tree alignment. General vigour and vitality are fair though some deadwood is noted.		L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
78	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	3.00	5.50	5.50	7.00	7.50	1	777	9.32	A broad, dominating this end of line specimen vigour and vitality is good. Minimal deadwood is noted however crown does support deteriorating wounds from prior pruning.	Review regularly.	L	B1-2
79	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	2.50	7.00	6.00	5.00	7.00	1	907	10.89	A large, dominating end of line specimen general vigour and vitality appears good though minor deadwood is noted	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
80	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.00	5.00	7.00	5.00	8.00	1	745		Large broad and spreading specimen of apparently good vigour and vitality. Crown supports both deadwood and caught broken material.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
81	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	20.00	4.00	5.00	6.50	5.00	7.00	-	786	9.43	Large specimen of apparently good vigour and vitality though crown has localised deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
82	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	4.00	4.00	5.50	3.50	7.00	1	668	8.02	Notably distorted having developed fanlike crown profile. General vigour and vitality are fair with only limited deadwood noted.		L	B1-2
83	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F	19.00	4.00	4.50	5.50	3.50	7.00	1	688		Large spreading specimen having developed fanlike crown profile extending east west. Crown supports extensive deadwood within middle crown. Prior pruning wounds exhibit evidence of deterioration.	Clean-out review regularly.	M	C1-2
84	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	20.00	3.50	5.00	6.50	5.00	8.00	_	688	8.25	Large dominating specimen of variable crown vigour and supporting some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
85	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	3.50	5.50	5.50	4.00	7.00	1	668	8.02	Of good general vigour and vitality.		L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
86	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	20.00	4.00	5.50	6.00	5.00	7.50	1	751	9.01	Large, predominantly vigorous specimen having suffered notable failure within up and middle crown. Substantial debris is still caught within crown above road edge position.	Clean-out and consider structural pruning works.	S	C1-2
87	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	3.50	4.50	6.00	5.00	7.50		640	7.68	Large specimen with minor growth imbalance to west. Crown supports deadwood and heavily cavity affected limbs.	Clean-out.	M	C1-2
88	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	3.50	5.50	7.00	5.00	7.50	1	662	7.95	Crown spread is accentuated in east- west manner. Vigour and vitality are fair though crown support some large deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	C1-2
89	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	20.00	4.00	5.00	5.50	4.00	6.00	-	653	7.83	Tree supports minor growth imbalance to west. General vigour and vitality remain good however both deadwood and debris is noted within crown.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
90	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	20.00	3.00	5.00	5.50	4.00	7.00	1	662	7.95	Supports growth imbalance to west. General vigour and vitality are fair though crown support some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
91	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	7.00		793	9.51	Dominant, end of line specimen. Vigour and vitality are good though minor deadwood is noted. Middle centre crown has suffered prior storm damage and failure.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
156	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	2.50	8.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	-	847	10.16	Broad and spreading specimen of good vigour and vitality.		L	B1-2
157	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	3.00	6.50	7.50	6.00	6.00		828	9.93	A broad and vigorous specimen supporting limited deadwood.		L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
158	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F	19.00	4.00	5.50	7.00	6.00	6.00	-	732	8.79	Is of good vigour and vitality.		L	B1-2
159	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.50	6.00	7.50	5.00	5.50	1	863	10.35	Large specimen with minor imbalance to east. Vigour and vitality are fair but variable. Crown supports some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
160	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	М	G/F	18.00	4.00	5.00	7.00	5.00	6.00	1	668	8.02	Has developed slightly fanlike crown profile accentuated east to west. General vigour and vitality appear good.		L	B1-2
161	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	2.00	6.00	9.00	6.00	6.00	1	802	9.63	Large but vigorous specimen.		L	B1-2
162	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	20.00	4.00	6.00	7.50	5.00	6.00	1	815	9.78	Apparently vigorous.		L	B1-2
163	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	4.00	5.00	7.50	5.00	6.00	1	805	9.66	Supports minor imbalance to east. Vigour and vitality are fair but variable.		L	B1-2
164	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	4.00	5.00	7.00	4.00	6.00	-	672	8.06	Has developed a fanlike crown profile through suppression. Vigour and vitality are fair but variable.		L	B1-2
165	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	3.50	5.00	7.00	5.00	6.00	-	672	8.06	Vigour and vitality are reasonable, but crown supports minor twiggy deadwood stock	Clean-out review regularly.	M	B1-2
166	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F	17.00	4.00	4.50	6.00	3.00	5.50	1	576	6.91	Badly suppressed and of variable vigour and vitality.	Review regularly.	L	B1-2
167	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	2.50	4.50	6.50	5.00	5.50	-	726	8.71	Appears to be of good vigour and vitality.		L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
168	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	М	G/F	18.00	2.00	4.50	6.50	4.50	5.50	1	624	7.49	Vigour and vitality fair. Crown supports notable deadwood about crown centre.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
169	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.50	4.00	6.00	4.50	4.00	1	694	8.33	Is notably variable crown vigour and vitality with twiggy deadwood in evidence throughout crown. Lower crown supports some large deadwood.	Clean-out and review regularly.	M	C1-2
170	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	2.50	6.00	6.50	5.50	5.50		732	8.79	A dominant, end of line specimen of good vigour and vitality. Crown has suffered minor mechanical failure with debris caught within lower crown.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
171	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	15.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	4.00	5.00	1	659	7.91	An end of line specimen of variable vigour and vitality.		L	B1-2
172	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	3.50	5.00	6.50	4.50	5.00	<u> </u>	681	8.17	Fair vigour and vitality though middle crown support some deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
173	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	3.50	4.50	6.00	4.00	5.00	_	675	8.10	Vigour and vitality are fair but variable with some debris caught within middle crown.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
174	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	М	G/F	18.00	3.50	5.50	6.50	5.00	6.00	1	653	7.83	Distorted through suppression. Has suffered prior storm damage with debris caught within lower middle crown.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
175	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	3.50	5.00	7.00	5.00	5.50	1	700	8.40	Badly distorted through suppression. Prior pruning has resulted in localised cavity development. Crown supports minor deadwood.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
176	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	М	G/F	17.00	3.50	5.00	7.00	4.50	5.50	1	739	8.86	Is of variable vigour and vitality. Prior pruning wounds are now subject to deterioration.	Clean-out review regularly.	L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
177	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	17.00	3.50	5.00	6.50	4.50	6.00	1	726	8.71	Suppression is lead to minor crown distortion. Prior decline in deadwood development sees deadwood carriage within lower middle crown.	Clean-out review regularly.	M	B1-2
178	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.50	5.50	7.00	5.00	6.50	1	879).54	Of reasonable vigour and vitality. Prior pruning and limb loss have resulted in localised decay and deterioration, most notable crown fork at 3.00 m.	Consider structural reduction works.	M	C1-2
179	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	4.00	4.50	7.00	5.00	6.00	1	796	9.55	Has suffered minus distortion through suppression. General vigour and vitality are fair though some deadwood is noted.	Clean-out.	M	B1-2
180	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.50	5.00	7.00	5.00	7.00	1	793	9.51	Has developed notably fanlike crown profile accentuated east to west. General vigour and vitality are good though minor deadwood is noted.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
181	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F/P	18.00	3.00	5.00	7.00	5.00	7.00	1	681	8.17	Has developed notable cavity on lower stem to north west. Has suffered major limb loss at 4.50 m with major dead stump remaining. General vigour and vitality remain good.	Consider structural pruning works including crown reduction type works.	M	C1-2
182	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	3.00	5.50	7.50	5.00	6.50	1	875		Of reasonable vigour and vitality. Has undergone substantial pruning in past. Lower stem supports developing ivy cover.		L	B1-2
183	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	4.00	5.50	7.50	5.00	6.50	1	879		Prior pruning wounds are subject to deterioration. Vigour and vitality are fair but variable. Some debris is caught within crown.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
184	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	4.00	6.00	7.50	5.00	7.00	1	926	11.12	Large specimen with gross distortion extending east to west. Prior pruning has resulted in wound deterioration. General vigour and vitality remain reasonable. Minor deadwood is noted.	Clean-out review regularly.	L	B1-2
185	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	4.00	4.00	7.50	5.00	7.00	1	662	7.95	Has suffered notable mechanical failure with much debris caught within crown. Prior limb removal wound is now subject to a visibly extensive deterioration and decay.	Clean-out and consider structural pruning. Consider structural pruning.	M	C1-2
186	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F/P	18.00	4.00	5.50	9.00	5.00	6.50	1	936	11.23	A large specimen supporting notable imbalance to east. General vigour and vitality appear good though crown support some deadwood and extensive cavity is and areas of deterioration from past limb loss wounds, particularly notable to south east at 4.50 m.	Clean-out consider structural pruning works.	S	C1-2
187	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	4.00	4.50	7.50	4.00	6.00	1	630	7.56	Once larger specimen has suffered limb loss and failure. Crown retains notable stump at 4.50 m. Vigour and vitality is fair but variable.	Clean-out review regularly.	M	C1-2
188	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F	17.00	4.00	4.50	7.00	4.00	6.00	1	624	7.49	Suppressed distorted by proximity of near neighbours. Vigour and vitality are less than that of near neighbours suggesting possible pathological issues. Prior pruning as result in deterioration of limb loss wounds.	Review regularly.	S	C1-2
189	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	М	G/F	19.00	3.00	4.50	7.00	6.00	6.50	1	885	10.62	A dominating end of line specimen. Vigour and vitality appear good.		L	B1-2
190	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	18.00	2.00	7.00	7.00	5.50	5.50	1	939	11.27	A large, dominating, end of line tree. Vigour and vitality are good though prior limb loss wounds exhibit signs of deterioration.		L	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
191	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	2.50	7.50	7.50	6.00	6.50	1	1003		Large spreading specimen of good vigour and vitality. Prior limb loss wounds exhibit evidence of developing decay.	Consider structural reduction works.	M	C1-2
192	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	G/F	19.00	3.00	7.50	8.50	6.00	7.00	1	809		A large spreading specimen with minor imbalance to east. General vigour and vitality are good though middle crown support some hunger up debris.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
193	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	M	F	18.00	2.00	6.50	8.00	7.00	6.00	1	844	10.12	Vigorous but potentially compromised by cavity development and decay of lower stem. General vigour and vitality are good. Apply substantive crown reduction works.		S	C1-2

Holy Cross Avenue and Clonliffe Road

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	F	13.00	2.25	4.50	2.50	6.00	5.00	1	605	7.26	Slightly one-sided with evidence of prior pruning. Basal flare has enveloped kerb edge with notable uplifting/distortion of kerb. Northern crown has suffered traumatic failure with loss of one major upright. Prior pruning as resulted in multiple localised cavities exhibiting evidence of early decay. General vigour and vitality remain good.	Clean-out	M	C1-2
2	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	13.00	3.00	3.50	2.00	2.50	4.50	1	586	7.03	One-sided and typically unbalanced to west. Has undergone substantial prior pruning with multiple wounds at 3.00 m exhibiting evidence of superficial and early decay. Principal stem has suffered traumatic failure 3.25 m with stem loss wound exhibiting evidence of widespread decay. Basal flare has enveloped kerb edge with notable distortion in evidence. Is of questionable sustainability.		S	C1-2
3	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	F	14.00	3.50	4.50	2.50	2.50	5.50	1	592	7.10	Exhibits typical gross imbalance to west. Basal stem has enveloped and distorted roadside kerb edge. Tree has undergone prior pruning, some wounds from which exhibit evidence of superficial decay. Centre crown has suffered storm damage and limb loss.	Clean-out.	M	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
4	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	F	14.00	3.00	4.00	2.00	3.00	5.50	1	633	7.60	Typically one-sided and unbalanced to west. Basal flare has enveloped in cause substantial distortion to roadside kerb edge. Prior pruning as resulted in localised decay at some pruning points. Higher southern crown supports extensive storm damage with major limb broken but caught precariously within crown.	Clean-out remove broken material.	M	B1-2
5	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	14.00	4.00	3.50	5.00	4.50	4.50	1	624	7.49	Better balanced than many neighbours. Vigour and vitality remain good. Has undergone prior pruning particularly about lower crown. Crown supports minor deadwood. Basal flare has enveloped and distorted adjoining kerb edge.		L	B1-2
6	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	16.00	4.00	5.00	3.00	4.00	4.50	1	605	7.26	Of reasonable balance however basal flare has partially enveloped in cause distortion to roadside kerb edge. Though crown has undergone prior pruning. Crown appears to have suffered minor, localise storm damage with some material caught within crown. Crown supports notable dead stump at 4.00m to east.		L	B1-2
7	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	F/P	16.00	3.50	7.00	3.50	3.00	5.00	1	710	8.52	A relatively large specimen of reasonable vigour where basal flare has partially enveloped in cause disturbance to roadside kerb edge. Central crown leader has suffered failure resulting in decay and undermining of the mid crown limb extending to north. Crown supports some deadwood.		M	C1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
8	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	17.00	3.50	6.50	6.50	6.00	5.50	1	665	7.98	Of good vigour and vitality. Basal flare has enveloped in cause distortion to roadside kerb edge as well as causing extensive and widespread uplifting and distortion of paved surfaces. Tree has undergone prior pruning particularly about lower crown. General vigour and vitality appear good.	Clean-out.	L	B1-2
9	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	16.00	4.00	3.50	5.00	5.00	3.00	1	598	7.18	Suppressed by proximity of near neighbours. Has substantially enveloped kerb stone edge to roadway with and has partially enveloped repair to footpath surface. Ongoing disturbance and distortion of footpath is extensive. Tree exhibits evidence of having been crown reduced in past with wound deterioration evident from ground level.		M	B1-2
10	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	F	16.00	4.00	4.50	6.00	4.00	3.00	1	605	7.26	Apparently vigorous but supporting at least 2 large sections of deadwood as well as storm damage and broken material caught within higher crown. Crown distortion suggest early life pruning. Tree growth has caused uplifting and distortion of footpath partial embankment of stale and distortion of kerb edge.		M	B1-2
11	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	17.00	5.00	4.50	6.00	5.00	2.50	1	643	7.72	Typically unbalanced to east. Crown distortion to illustrate prior pruning. General vigour and vitality remain good though deadwood is noted. Growth has resulted in substantial distortion of roadside kerb edge and breakage of footpath surface.		M	B1-2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
12	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	18.00	6.00	5.00	7.00	4.00	3.00	1	630	7.56	Supports minor imbalance to east. Crown distortion to illustrate prior pruning including large decaying stump at 4.00 m. Crown supports some deadwood. Basal growth has partially enveloped and distorted footpath and distorted roadside kerb edge.		M	B1-2
13	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	18.00	5.00	4.00	5.00	5.50	2.00	1	684	8.21	Typically unbalanced to east. Crown anomalies illustrate prior crown reduction. Crown supports some deadwood. Growth has resulted in massive distortion and breakup of adjoining footpath and kerb edge.		M	C1-2
14	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	18.00	6.00	4.50	6.50	4.50	2.00	1	602	7.22	Predominantly unbalanced to east. Vigour and vitality appear good though crown support some substantial deadwood sections including some that are broken but remain caught within crown. Basal region has resulted in widespread distortion of kerb edge and partial envelopment and breakage of footpath surface.		M	C1-2
15	London Plane (Platanus x hispanica)	E/M	G/F	18.00	3.50	5.50	6.50	4.50	3.50	1	649	7.79	Previously reduced but of good vigour. Crown supports some, typically small deadwood including some broken section is caught within crown. Growth has resulted in damage and disturbance of surrounding edge including entire dislodgement of roadside kerb edge.		M	C1-2
16	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	9.00	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1	392	4.70	Young and vigorous, arising from small aperture within paved area that has been subsequently bitmapped.		L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
17	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	9.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	261	3.13	Young and vigorous but arising from limited aperture within cement pavement with.	Review regularly.	L	B2
18	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	9.00	3.00	2.50	3.00	3.00	2.00	1	341		Still vigorous. Arises from limited aperture within		L	B2
19	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	F	9.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1	376	4.51	Young and vigorous, arising from limited aperture within cement footpath scenario. Base configuration has seen buttress development of overwhelming kerb edge. Buttress level girdling route has suffered damage to east.		M	C2
20	Lime (Tilia europea)	E/M	G/F	9.50	2.50	3.50	3.00	3.50	3.50	1	376	4.51	Young and vigorous, arising from space within cement footpath to kerb to have resulted in uplifting and distortion of kerb line.		L	B2

River Side Trees - North Bank of Tolka

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
1	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	8.00	0.00	4.00	4.50	5.00	5.00	1	398	77	Part of a continuous thicket like development of crack willow along the river edge. Comprises typical element of natural regeneration.		L	B2
2	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	M	G/F	6.00	0.00	2.00	2.50	3.00	2.00	1	271	25	Comprises typical element of Bankside natural regeneration. Would normally be regarded as scrub thicket.		M	C2
3	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	11.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	3.00	3.00	1	334	01	An element of natural regeneration associated with up and embankment. Appears to be naturally set.		M	C2
4	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	13.00	2.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6	462	54	Comprises typical element of woodland under story and natural regeneration.		L	B2
5	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	M	F	5.50	1.00	2.00	2.50	2.00	2.00	1	207		Comprises typical element of Bankside thicket development.		L	B2
6	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	G/F	7.00	1.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	-	229	75	Young and vigorous comprising typical element of natural Bankside regeneration.		L	B2
7	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	M	F	5.00	0.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	-	239	~~	Comprises an element of natural thicket development.		L	C2
8	Elder (Sambucus nigra)	M	F	5.00	0.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	-	239		Comprises an element of natural thicket development.		L	C2
9	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	6.50	1.00	1.50	2.50	3.00	2.50	5	302	63	Arising from position on top of apparent retaining wall raising concerns regarding sustainability over time.	Review regularly.	M	C2
10	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	11.00	2.50	4.50	3.00	4.50	4.50	-	430		Young and vigorous comprising part of the broader natural regeneration.		L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
11	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	12.00	1.50	4.00	4.50	4.50	3.00	5	398	4.77	Multi-stemmed and comprising natural regeneration		M	C2
12	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	M	F	12.00	2.50	4.00	4.00	3.50	2.50	1	350	4.20	Young and still vigorous, comprising typical element of natural regeneration.		L	B2
13	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	7.00	1.00	1.50	2.50	2.50	1.50	1	207	2.48	Suppressed but maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
14	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	9.00	0.00	2.00	4.00	4.00	3.50	1	306	3.67	An element of natural regeneration associated with River edge. Is young and vigorous with immense potential for continued growth over time.		L	B2
15	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	13.00	2.00	3.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	1	350	4.20	An element of natural regeneration.		L	B2
16	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	6.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1	229	2.75	Young and vigorous comprising typical element of natural regeneration.		L	B2
17	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	9.00	0.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4	398	4.77	South-eastern Crown exhibit evidence of decline and deterioration possibly indicative of pathological issues. Review regularly.		M	C2
18	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S	G/F	4.50	1.50	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.50	1	121	1.45	Young and vigorous comprising typical element of Bankside natural regeneration.		L	B2
19	Sycamore Group (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	14.00	2.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3	462	5.54	A cumulative group combining to create a singular crown form. Note is made of apparent decline to northwest of group possibly indicative of pathological issues. Chronic Ivy coverprevents detailed review.		M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
20	Sycamore Group (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	14.00	2.50	3.00	4.50	3.00	2.00	<u> </u>	382	4.58	Adjoins group 19 appears be maintaining good vigour and vitality though is affected by Ivy cover.		L	B2
21	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	13.00	0.00	1.00	3.50	5.00	3.00	<u> </u>	306	3.67	Typically one-sided and unbalanced towards and over River. Comprises typical element of natural Bankside regeneration.		L	B2
22	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	S/M	F	9.00	1.00	1.00	3.00	3.00	1.50	1	229	2.75	Suppressed and unbalanced towards and over River. Appears be maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
23	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	M	G/F	16.00	2.00	5.00	7.00	6.50	5.00	1	592	7.10	Large specimen with typical imbalance to South East. Appears to be of good vigour and vitality and is likely to be natural to the Riparian corridor		L	B2
24	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	G/F	9.00	2.00	2.50	2.00	3.00	4.00	-	229	2.75	Heavily suppressed but apparently maintaining reasonable vigour and vitality. Comprises typical element of riverside natural regeneration.		L	B2
25	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	M	G/F	17.00	1.00	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	2	783	9.40	Heavily divided from ground level with pole wood Crown suggesting early life decapitation. General vigous and vitality is good. Tree may be natural to Riparian corridor.		L	B2
26	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	10.00	0.00	2.50	3.00	4.50	3.00	<u> </u>	325	3.90	Young and vigorous arising from River edge. Is likely to be natural to Riparian corridor.		L	B2
27	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	10.00	0.00	2.50	4.50	5.50	4.00	-	350	4.20	Young and vigorous arising from River edge position.		L	B2
28	Goat Willow (Salix caprea) Buddleia (Buddleia davidii)	M	F	4.00	0.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	1	271	3.25	An extensive thicket combining goat willow and buddleia.		M	C2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
29	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	6.00	0.00	2.50	2.00	3.00	3.00	1	239	2.86	Young and vigorous element of scrub thicket arising naturally from Bankside scenario.		M	C2
30	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	F	8.00	0.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	<u> </u>	334	4.01	Young and vigorous, arising from masonry associated with retaining wall.	Review regularly.	M	C2
31	Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	E/M	F	8.00	0.00	2.00	2.50	3.00	2.50	1	229	2.75	An element of natural regeneration arising from River's edge.		M	C2
32	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	13.00	0.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	6.00	4	493	5.92	A multi-stemmed group naturally arising from riverside embankment.		L	B2
33	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	11.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	<u> </u>	271	3.25	Arising from higher embankment. Appears to be vigorous.		L	B2
34	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	11.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1	255	3.06	Arising from higher embankment. Appears to be vigorous.		L	B2
35	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	11.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	<u> </u>	261	3.13	Arising from higher embankment. Appears to be vigorous.		L	B2
36	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	S/M	G/F	7.00	0.00	2.00	3.00	3.50	3.50	<u> </u>	229	2.75	Suppressed but still vigorous. Comprises natural element of Bankside regeneration.		M	C2
37	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	G/F	6.50	1.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	1	197	2.37	Naturally arising and comprising typical element of regenerative bank vegetation.		L	B2
38	Common Alder (Alnus glutinosa)	S/M	G/F	5.50	1.50	2.00	2.00	3.00	2.00	1	197	2.37	Slightly suppressed but maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
39	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	11.00	0.00	4.00	4.50	5.50	4.50	1	430	5.16	Comprises natural element of Riparian regeneration.		L	B2

No.	Species	Age	Con	Ht	СН	N	E	S	W	Stm	Dia	RPA	Structural Condition	PMR	Yrs	Cat
40	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	G/F	13.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	4.50	4.00	1	382	4.58	Arises from higher embankment. Appears to be maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
41	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	10.00	1.00	4.00	3.00	4.50	4.00	1	350	4.20	Young and still vigorous. Arising as natural element of regeneration.		L	B2
42	Crack Willow (Salix fragilis)	E/M	G/F	10.00	1.00	3.50	3.00	4.50	3.00	_	334	4.01	Young and still vigorous. Arising as natural element of regeneration.		L	B2
43	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	S/M	G/F	10.00	1.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	2.50	1	271	3.25	Suppressed but maintaining good vigour and vitality.		L	B2
44	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F/P	12.00	0.00	2.50	2.00	3.00	3.00	1	334		A young specimen showing classics and decline and dieback about higher Crown suggesting pathological issues.	Review annually.	S	C2
45	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	E/M	F	12.00	0.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4	430		Comprises typical element of riverside natural regeneration.		L	B2